

Urbaanin puuvajan piirustukset omatoimirakentajalle

Suunnittelija: Kristaps Sveisbergis, arkkitehtiopiskelija, Aalto-yliopisto

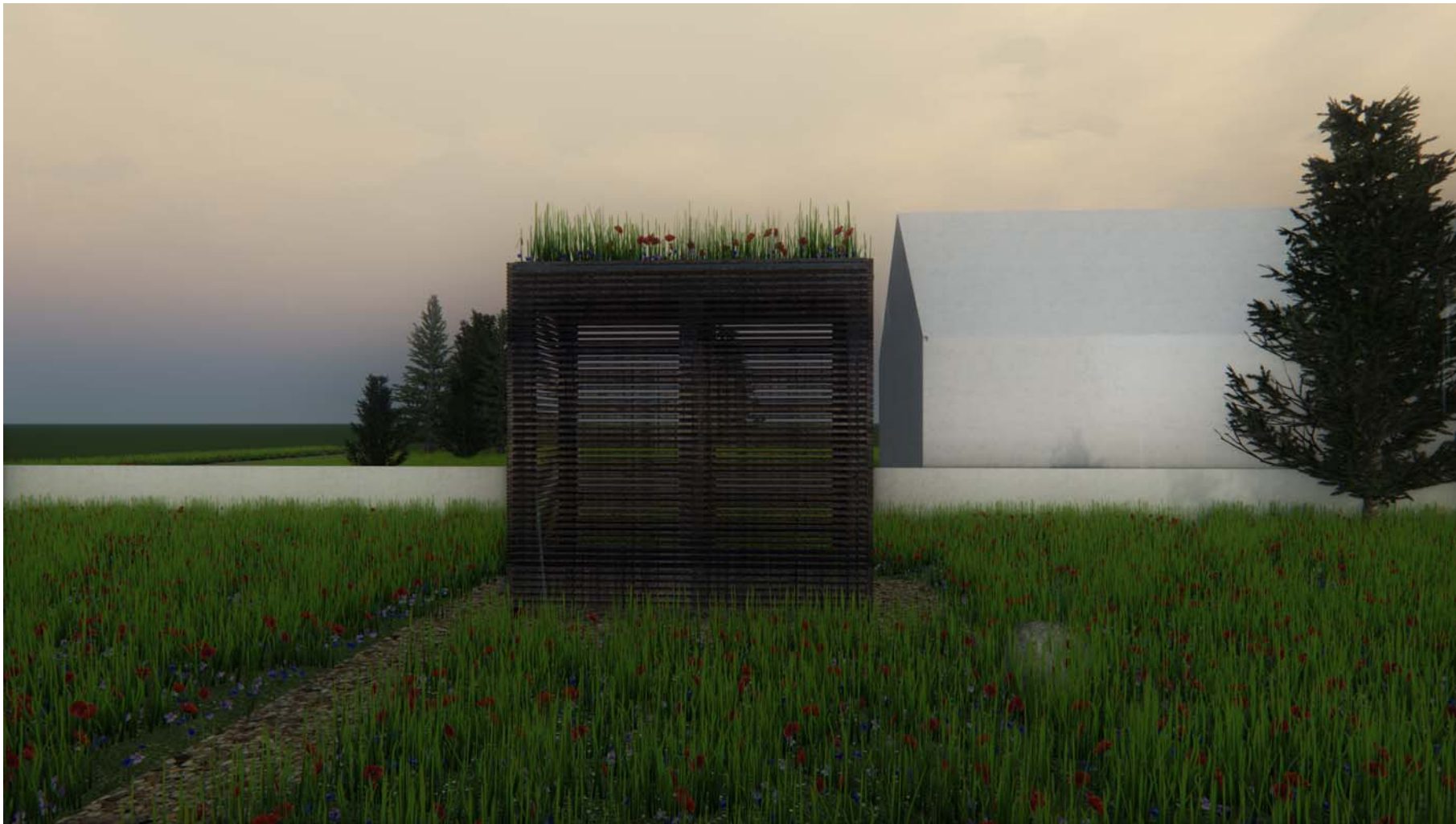
Julkaistu: kevät 2017



Vipuvoimaa
EU:lta
2014–2020

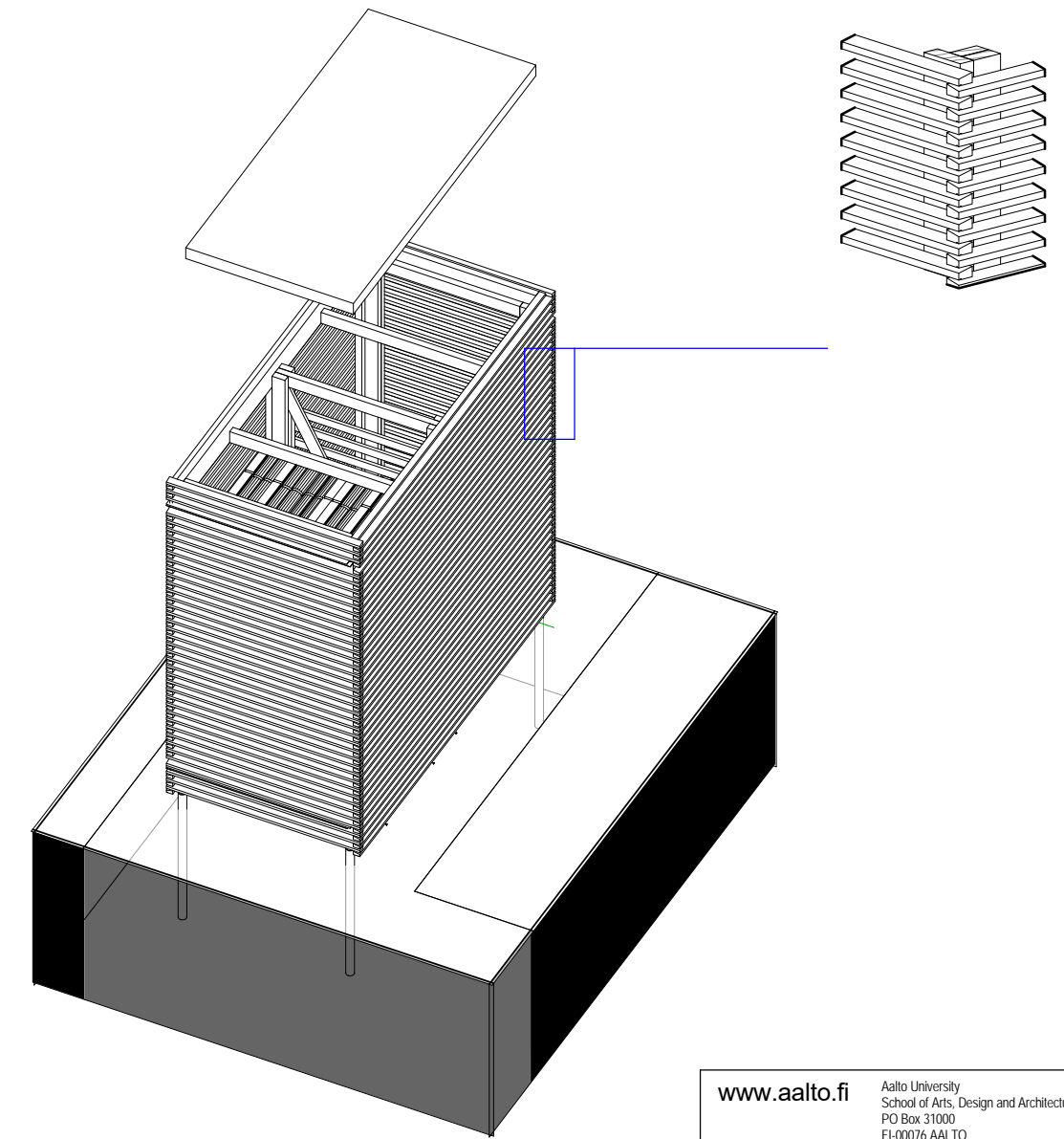
www.urbaanipuuvaja.fi

Urbaani puuvaja on suunniteltu osana Urbaani puuvaja -hanketta, jossa kehitetään uudenlaisia polttopuun kuivumista edistäviä varastointi- ja palveluratkaisuja kaupunkien pientaloalueille. Hankkeen toteuttavat TTS Työteho-seura, Helsingin seudun ympäristöpalvelut HSY ja Aalto-yliopisto. www.urbaanipuuvaja.fi



Both sides of the shed have 90 degree doors

Almost invisible connections between doors and walls



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Approved by:	Minna Kuusela		
Drawn by:	Kristaps Sveisbergs		
SUBJECT: Competition drawings			
PROJECT: Fire shed			
Adrese: Helsinki			
DRAWING NAME: Axonometric			
Stage	Technical	Date	02.08.02016.
Scale		Page	OP_01

All wood and metal should be weather protected using:

Wood

- Option 1 Coffee and white vinegar with steel wool
 1. Steel wool should be placed in vinegar for period of 2 months
 2. Applying coffee on wood with brush
 3. Applying vinegar mixture on wood with the brush
 4. in 1 h wood should be darken and weather protected

relatively cheap method

- Option 2 shou-sugi-ban method

1. Wood is burned till it starts to coal
2. With water and brush coal is removed
3. dried wood is considered weather proof for additional protection and darker color wood could be painted with linen oil.

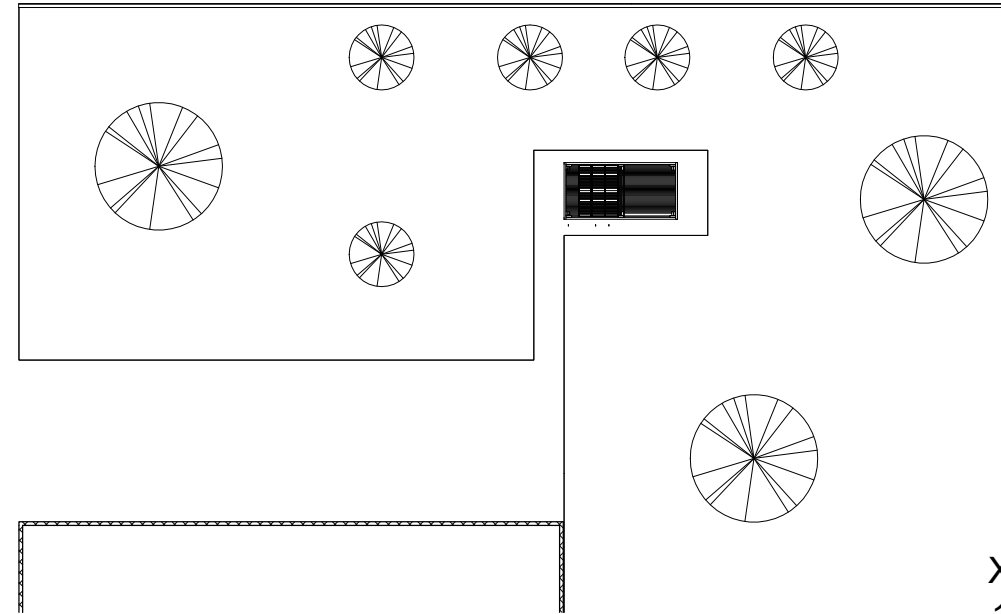
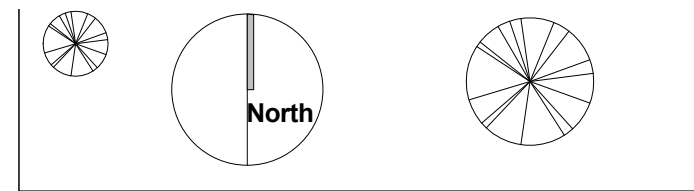
Labor intense method that provides wood with nice feel on touch and color play in throe out seasons.

- Option 3 Applying tar or tar mixed with linen oil.

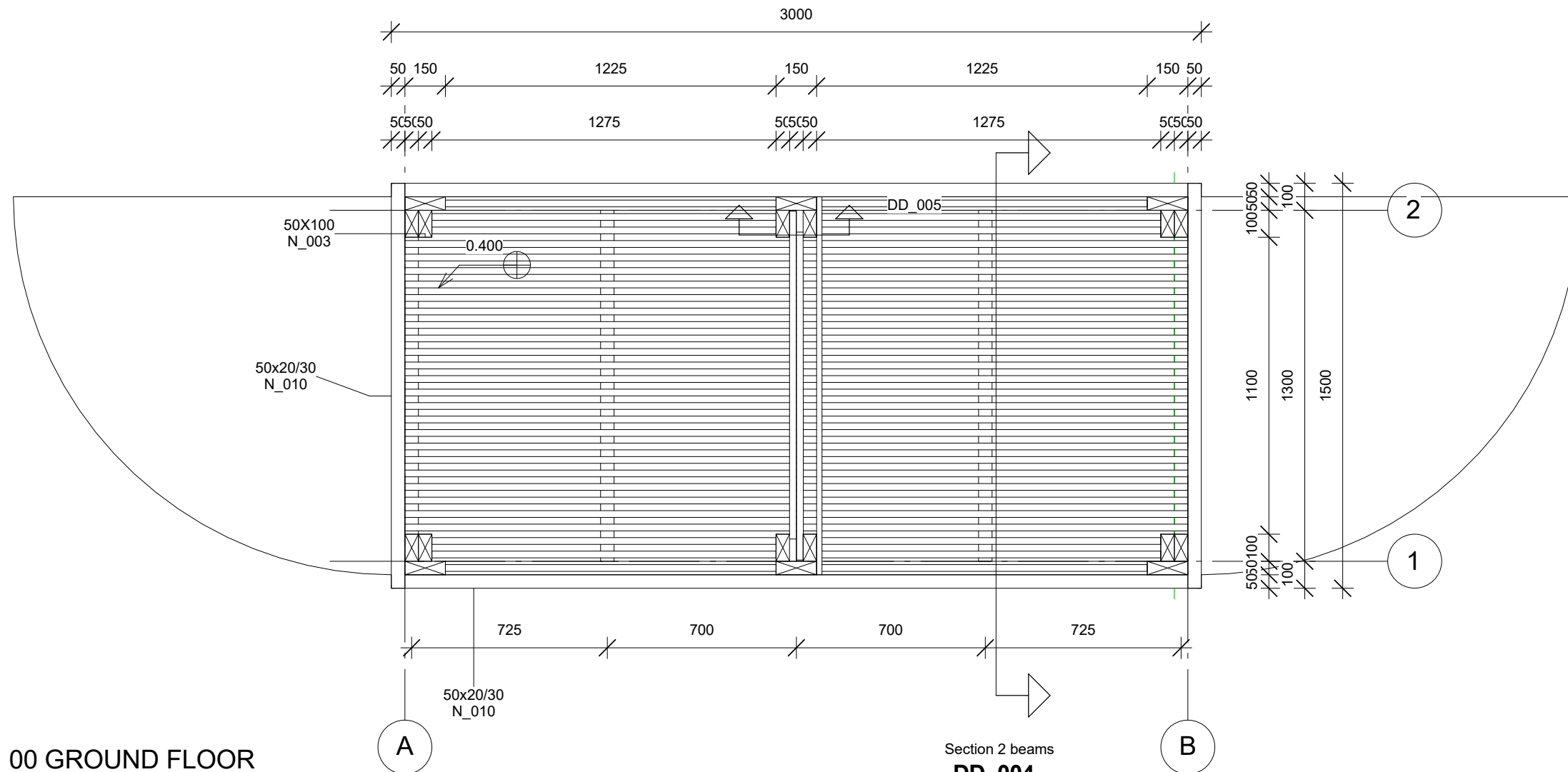
Natural treatment method

- Metal** -Painted with black metal paint.

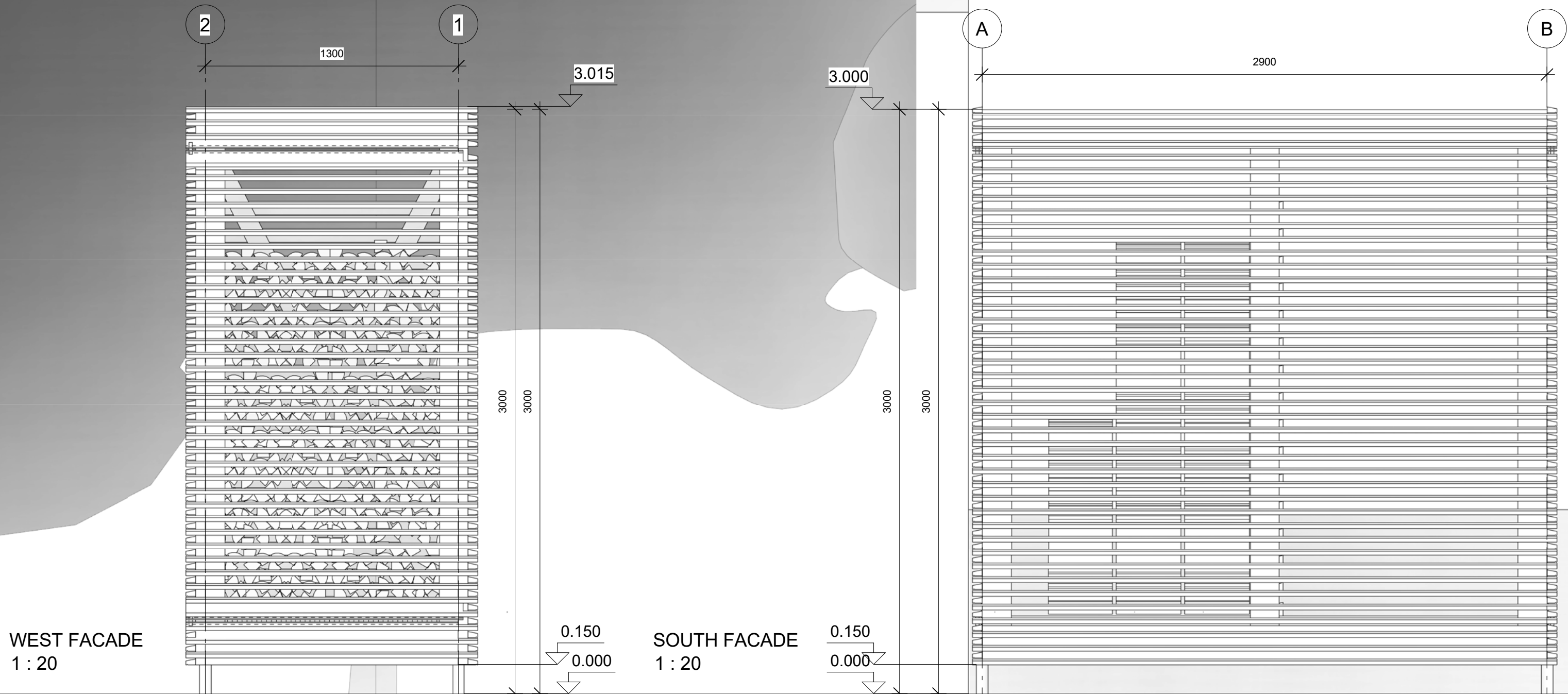
To choose suitable wood treatment method we recommend to make small test peace's.



XX SITE
1 : 200



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DRAWING NAME: Drawings			
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WEST FACADE
1 : 20

SOUTH FACADE
1 : 20

The base point of our design proposal was the standard size of firewood (320 mm x500 mm) and most common transportation and storage methods- EU palettes, stacking in frame and in piles or bags. The width of our proposal derives from possible stacking combinations. The building will be elevated from the ground by help of screw piles. The useable space will be maximized with a flat roof in maximum height 3m. According to the provided information, annual firewood use for one household is around 5 m3. Considering that firewood will be stacked, it will occupy $5 \times 1.5 / 2.3 = 3.25$ m2 of space. If the wood remains in pile or in large bags it would take 6 m2 of space. Therefore it is possible to presume that most households will inquire enough firewood to last the whole season and will stack it. We decided to remain in 5 m2 borders for the building and no less than 8 m distance from the living quarters.

Facades
To give the design lightness the facade is built from 6*5 cm wooden boards that are split in half in 75 degree angle to support a French cleat system. We decided to use horizontal boards not vertical in favor of wood loading benefits, rain water protection and support of French cleat system. All wood material is treated with fire (Japanese Shou-sugi-ban technique) and painted with line oil, bringing strong reference to nature and fire. Dimensions To ensure maximally advantageous use of material it was decided to use standard lumber cutting dimensions 3 m in length and 1.5 (half).

Roof
For roof construction we decided to use green roofs. Vegetation on shed roof will help to blend it in surroundings

Manufacturer			
firewood size	320	500	
transport	EU palet with bag	pile in trailer	stack in frame
Owner			
storage	EU palet with bag	pile on ground	stack in frame
firewood anual consuption	2.5x1 m3	2.5x1 m3	1.5 x 1 m3
wood stack height in shed	2 m	5 m2	
Space in shed ocupide m2	5.952380952	3.913043478	3.26
foundation	screw pile		
side panels	vertical	horizontal	
load structure	50x100 mm		
roof	green roof	vertical wood planks	polycarbonate
In house			
transportation	trolley	frame	hands/bag
storage	2 days	5 days	
wood treatment	burned	tar	burned+linoil

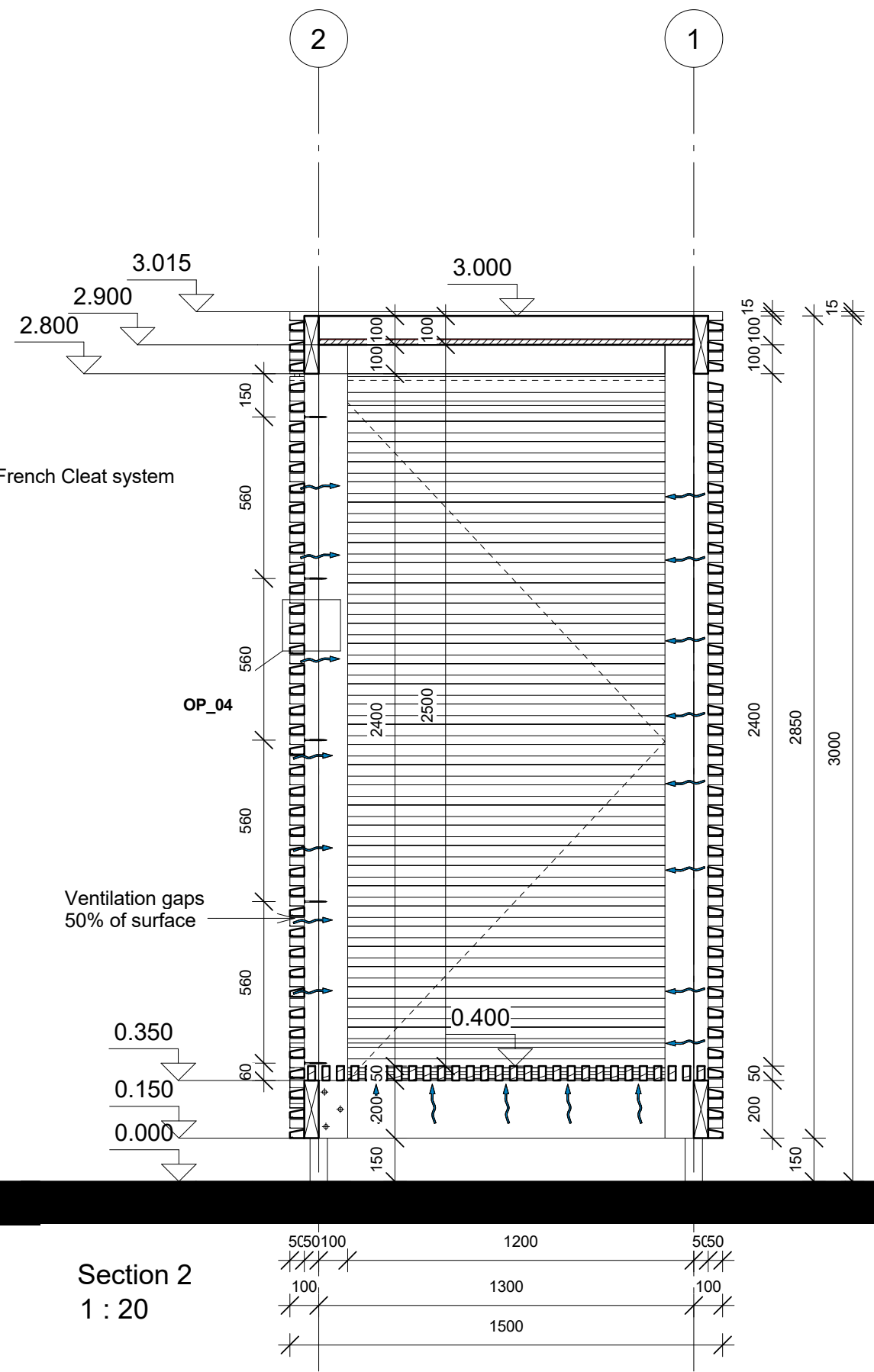
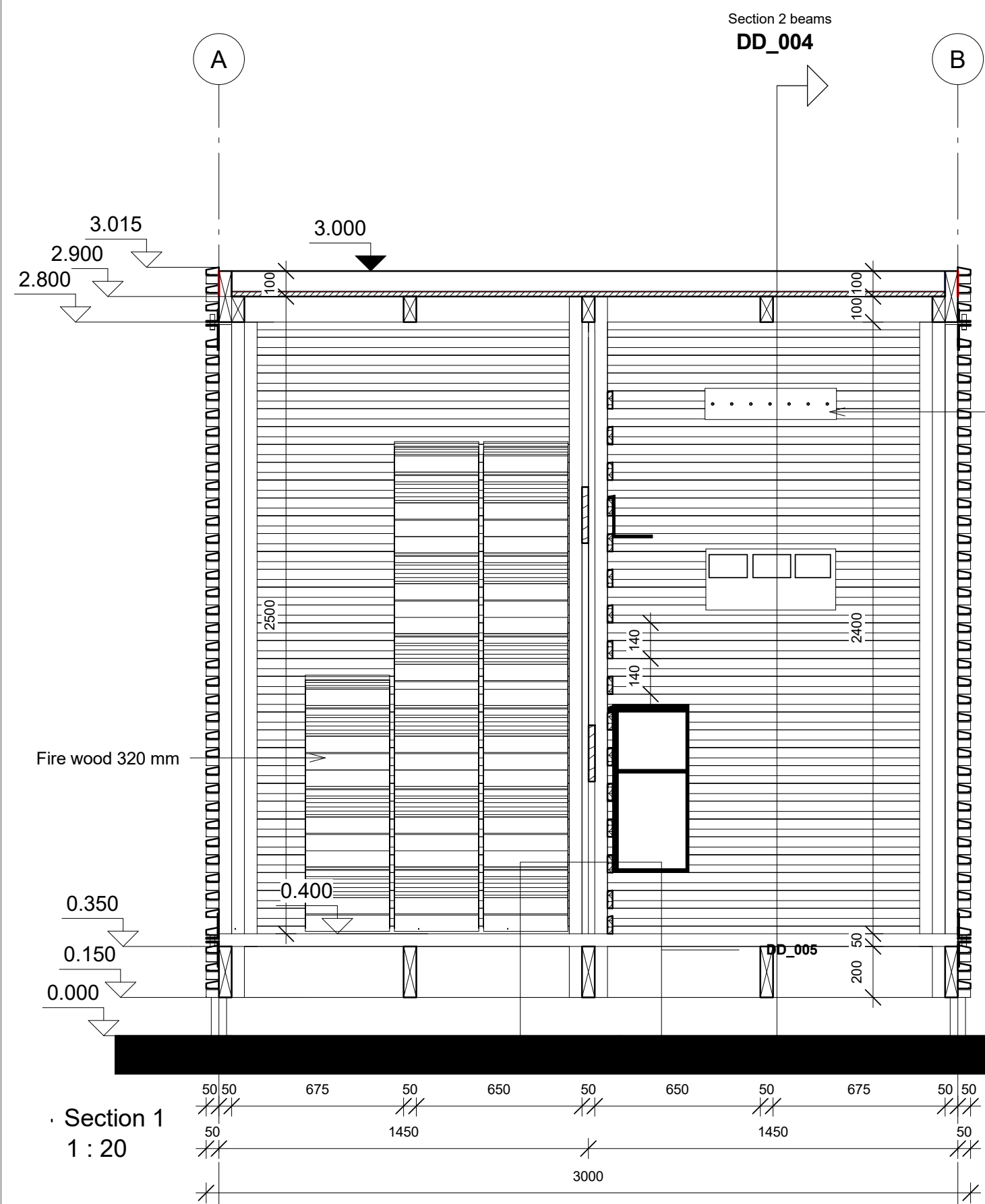
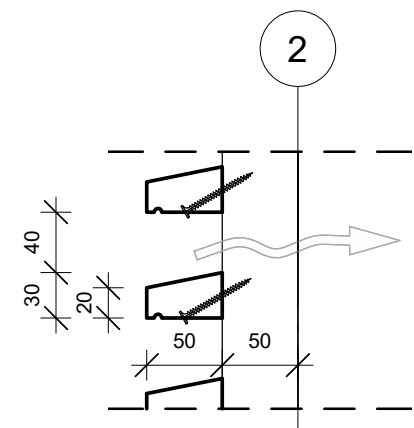
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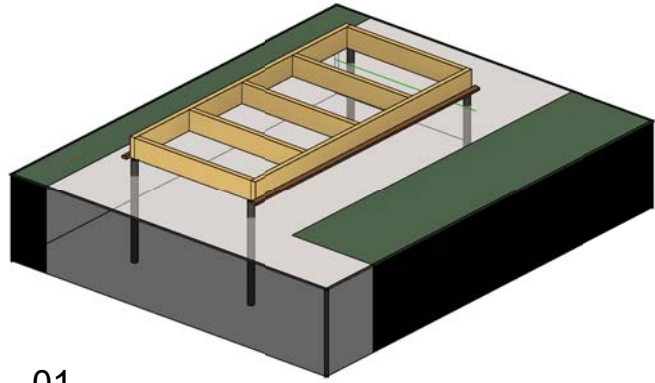
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Drawn by: Kristaps Sveisbergs

SUBJECT:
Competition drawings
PROJECT:
Fire shed
Adresse: Helsinki
DRAWING NAME:
Facades

Stage	Date
Technical	02.08.2016.
Scale	Page
As indicated	OP_03

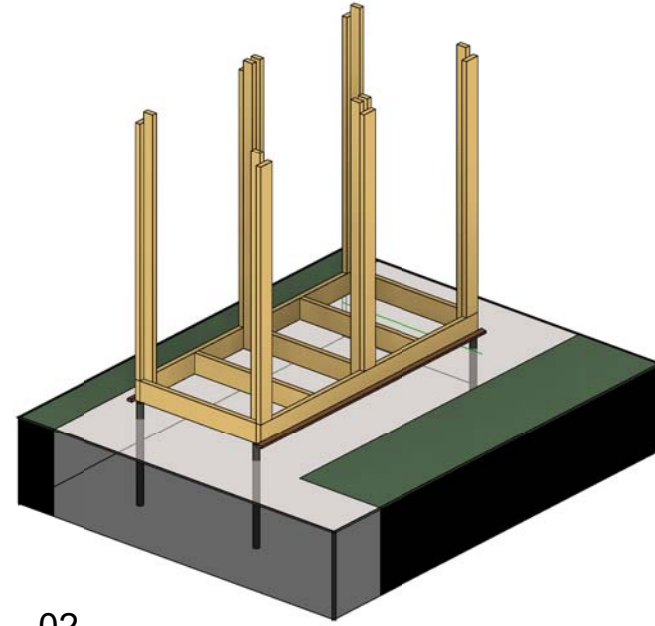


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PROJECT: Fire shed			
Adresse: Helsinki			
DRAWING NAME: Sections			
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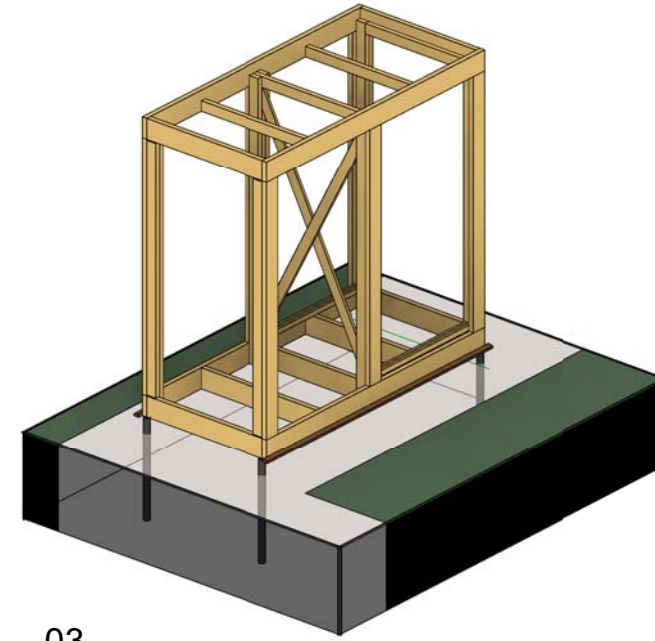
01

Wooden base frame is placed on foundations
Frame should be waterproofed with tar or
by burning (we recommend to clean coal from wood
afterwards)



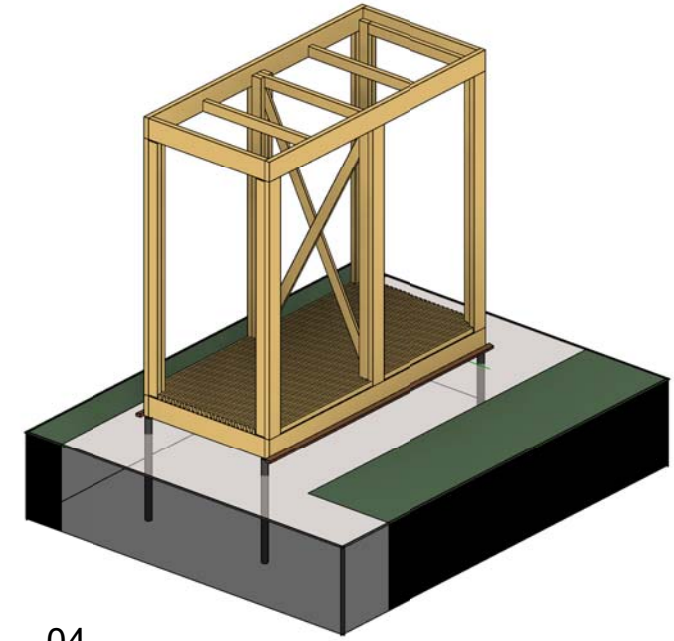
02

Vertical columns are mounted to frame with screws



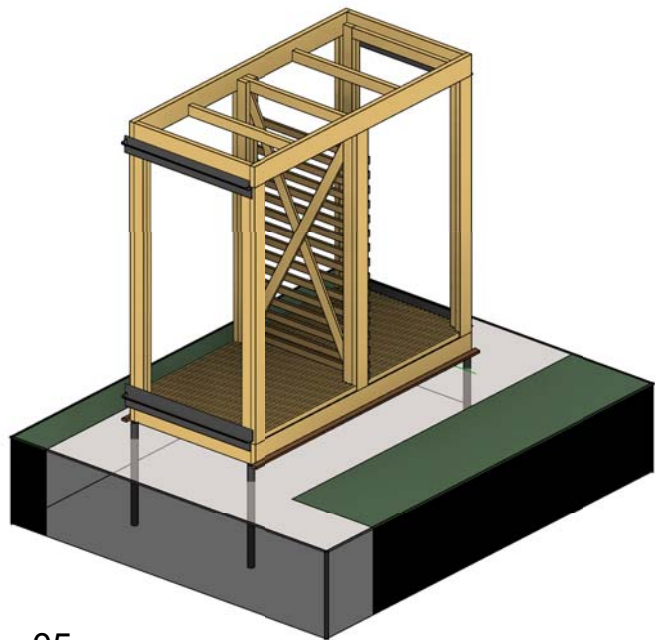
03

Upper frame and diagonal bracing's are placed



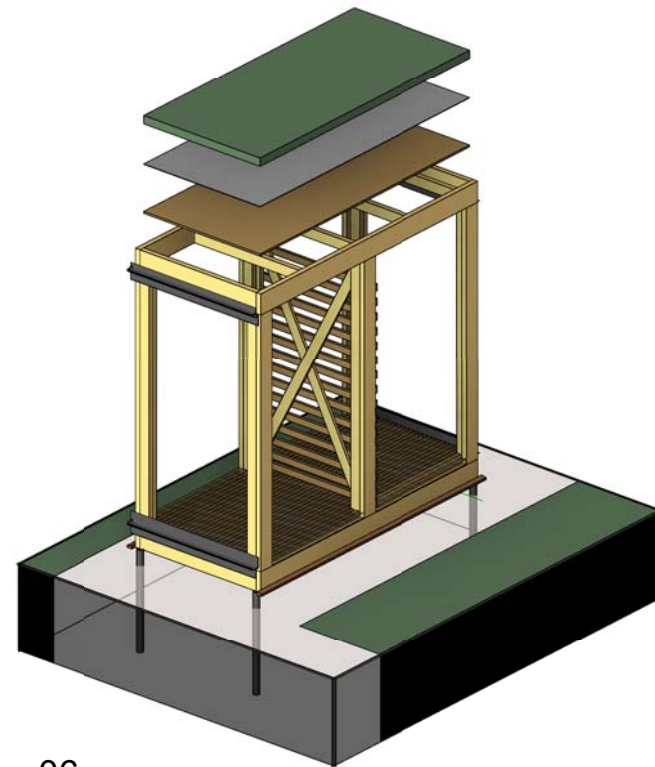
04

Timber 25x50 mm flooring with ventilation gaps
or flooring from 20 mm plywood.



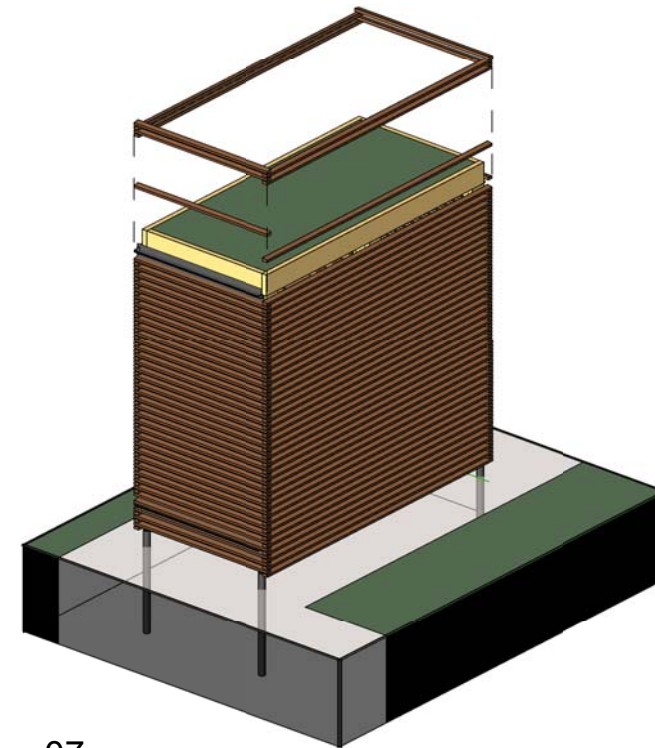
05

French cleat system from Plywood 20 mm board
and installation of door frame system.



06

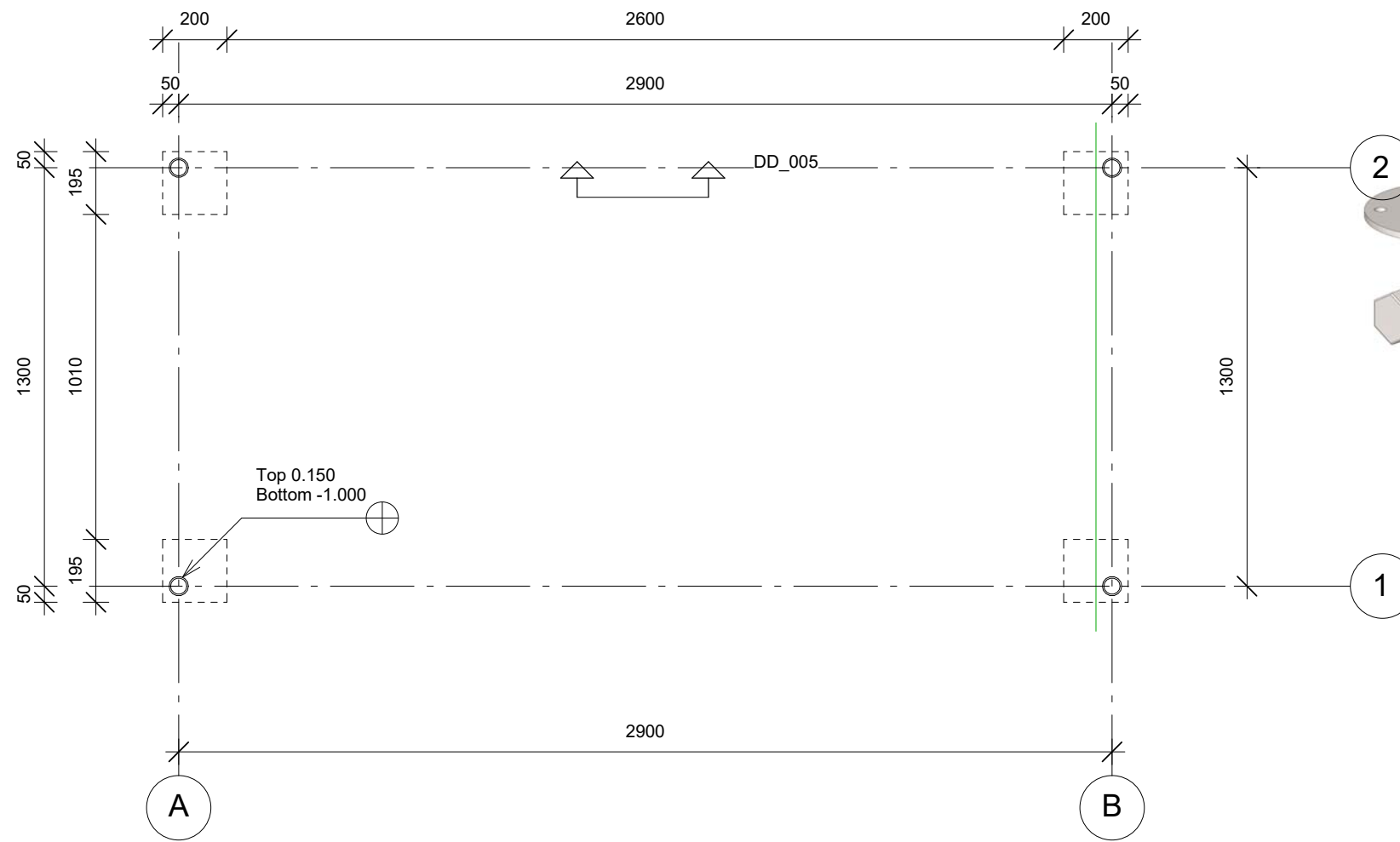
Installation of all roof layers
Plywood
waterproofing
soil
vegetation



07

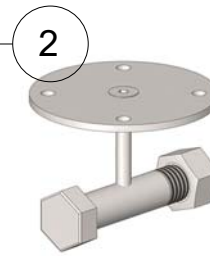
Installation of Facade boarding
starting from bottom.

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Stage	Technical	Date	02.08.2016.
Scale		Page	DD_001



Design option

Screw piles



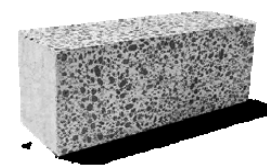
Top plate for connecting screw piles to wooden frame.
after placing wooden frame on top plate that is mounted to screw foundations
wooden frame needs to be fixed from bottom to top plate



STEEL SCREW PILE FOUNDATIONS
dim. 1150x60 mm with 150 mm wing diameter
The pile can, if necessary, also be pivoted up and re-used.
Twist Steel Screw Piles made from start to finish in Finland from high quality steel.

Alternative

Floating foundations



LECA Blocks
Dimensions (W x D x H): 200 x 498 x 195 mm
12 kg/pc

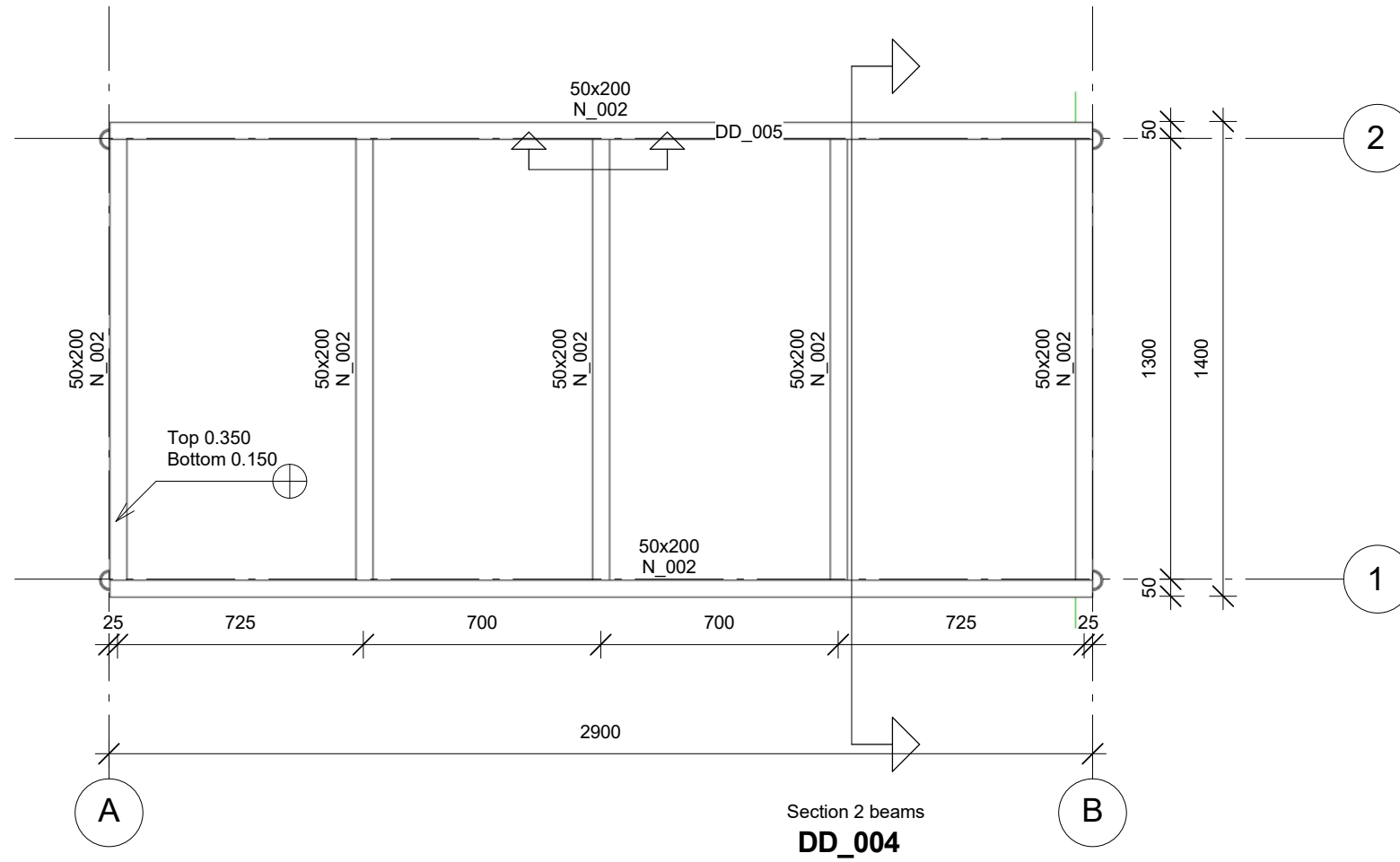
LECA block foundations could be used when

1. soil is strong
2. there is bedrock close to surface

Floating foundations will not be as rigid
as screw piles but they will be cheaper.

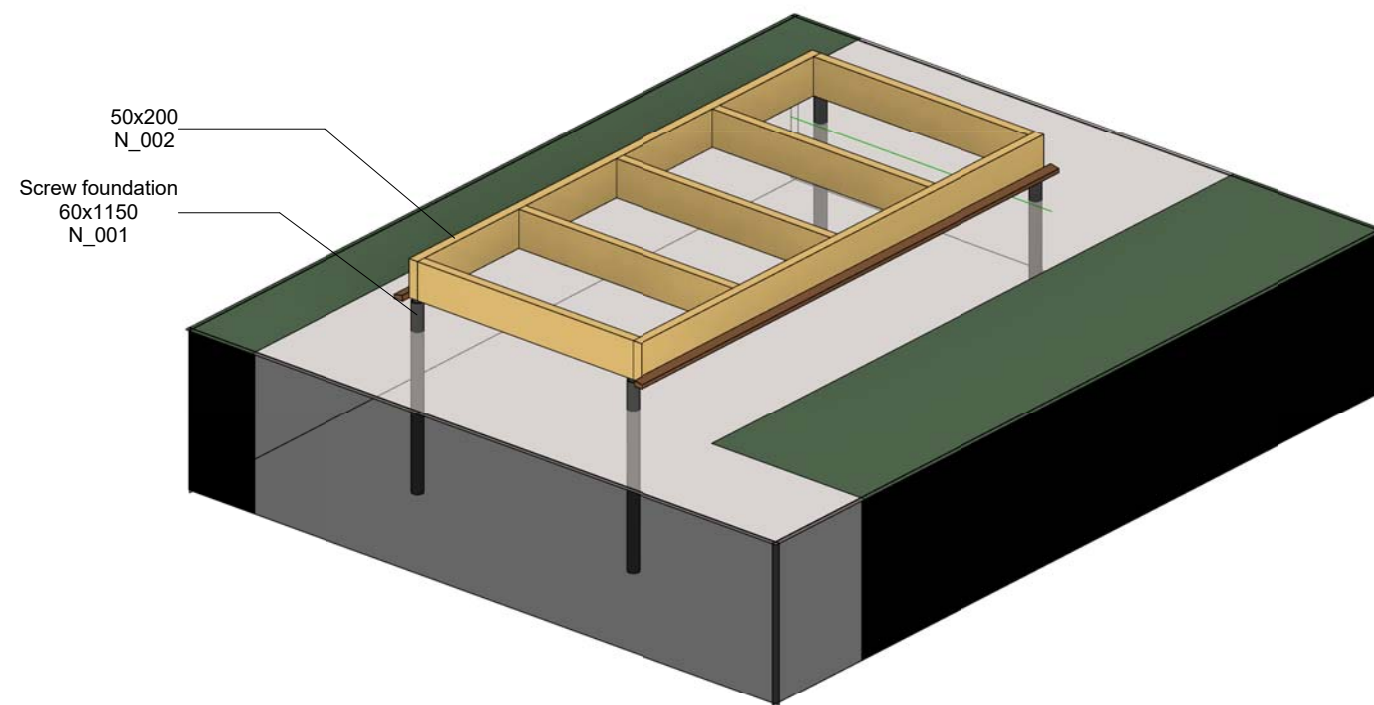
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PROJECT: Fire shed Adrese: Helsinki			
DRAWING NAME: Foundations			
Stage	Technical	Date	02.08.2016.
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01_FRAME
1 : 20

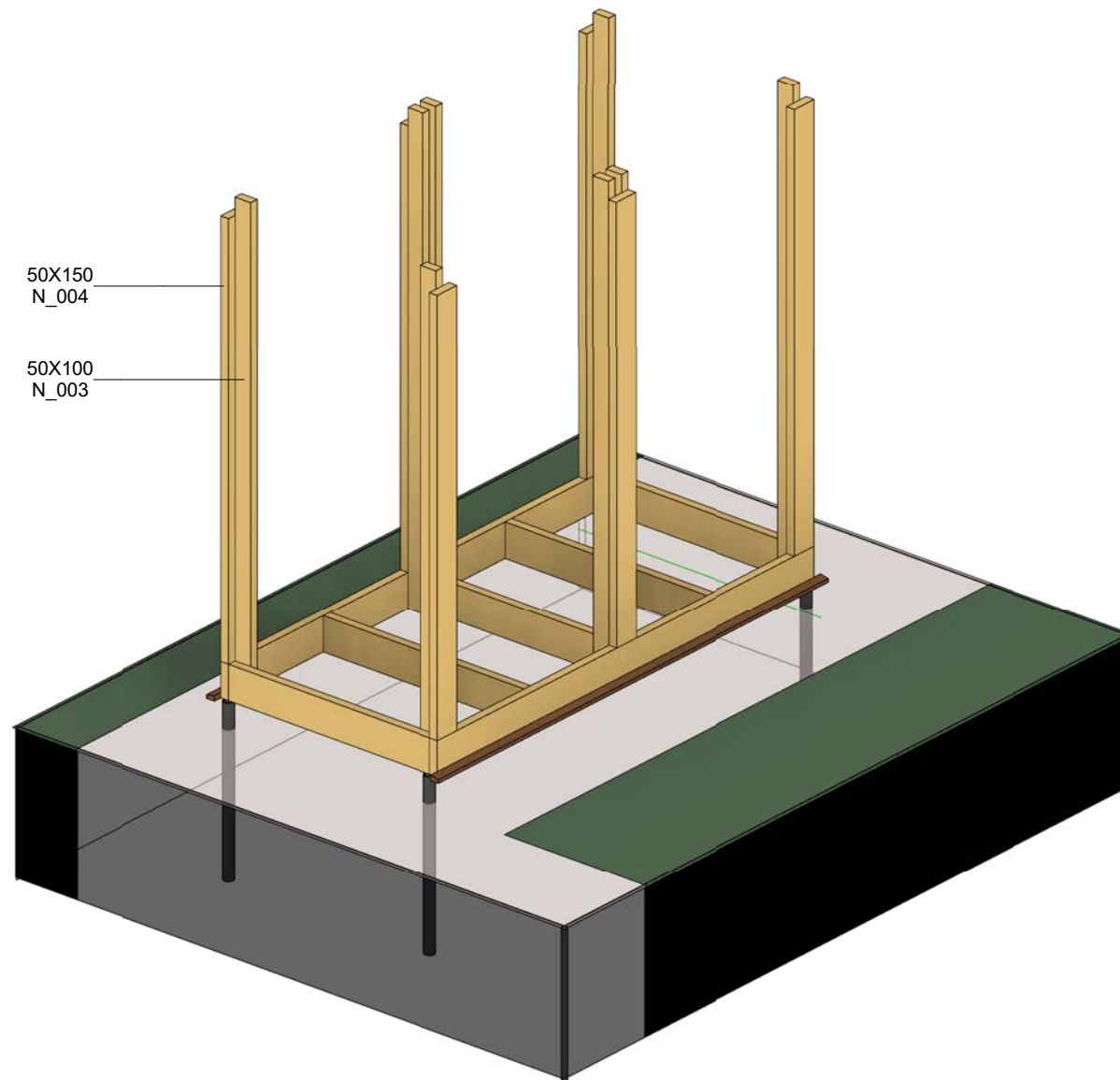
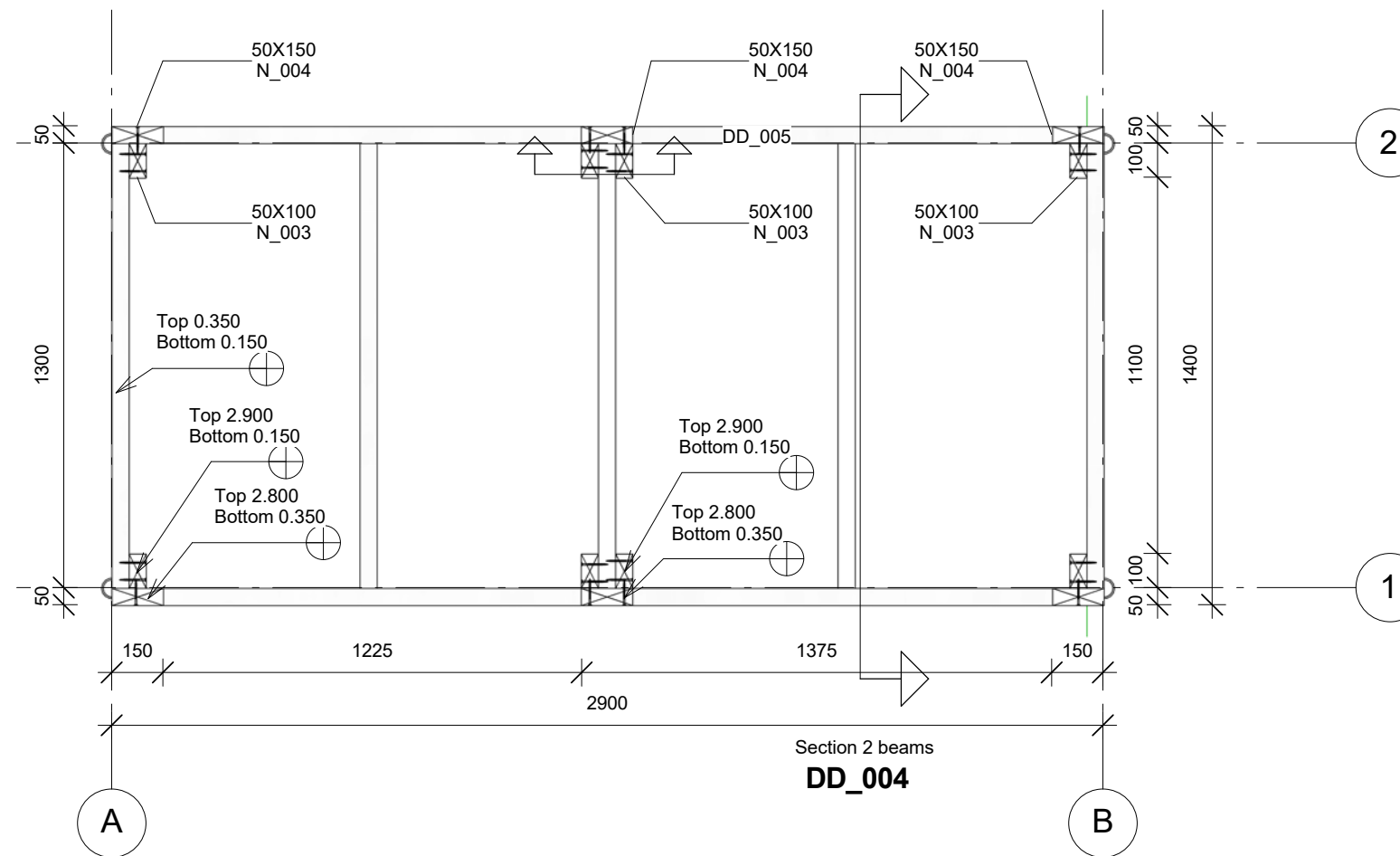
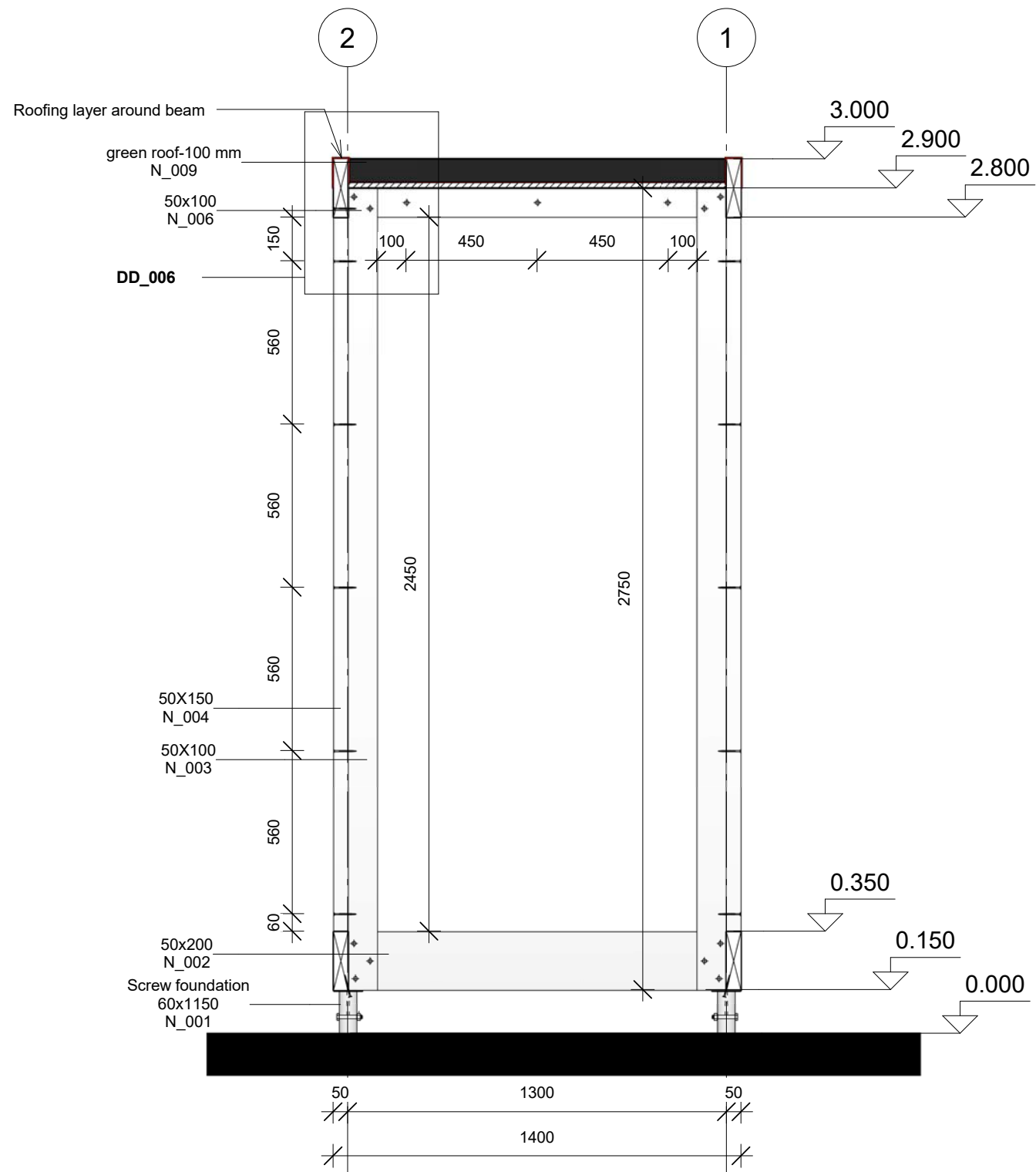


Wood base frame should be weather protected before assembly
Recommended wood treatment methods - tar, tar and linen oil or shou-sugi-ban method where wood is burned till coal and coal afterwards is cleaned with brush.

Wood frame should be connected to foundations cover caps



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DRAWING NAME: Frame			
Stage	Technical	Date	02.08.2016.
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Drawn by: Kristaps Sveisbergs

SUBJECT:
Competition drawings

PROJECT:

Fire shed

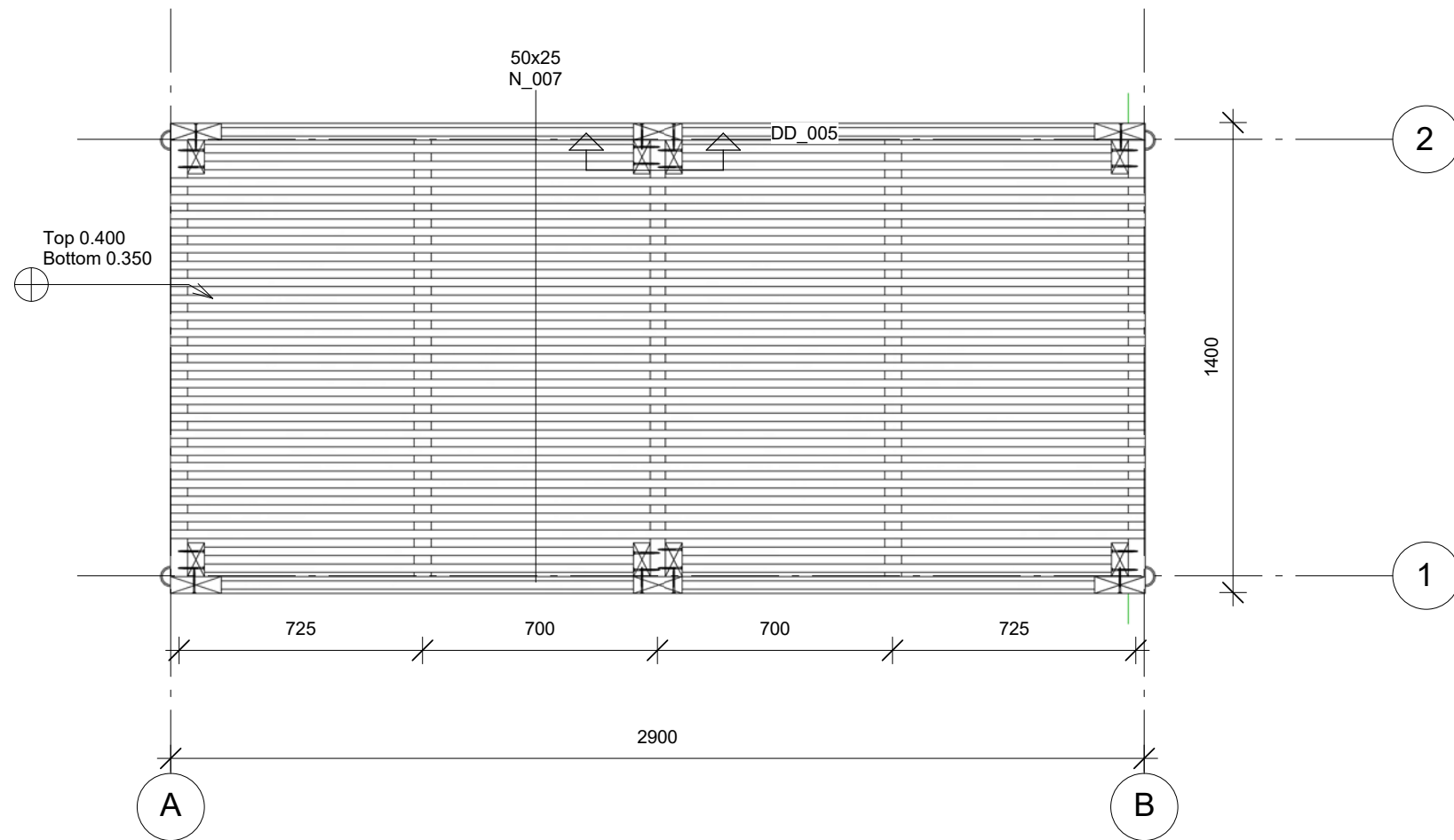
Adrese: Helsinki

DRAWING NAME:

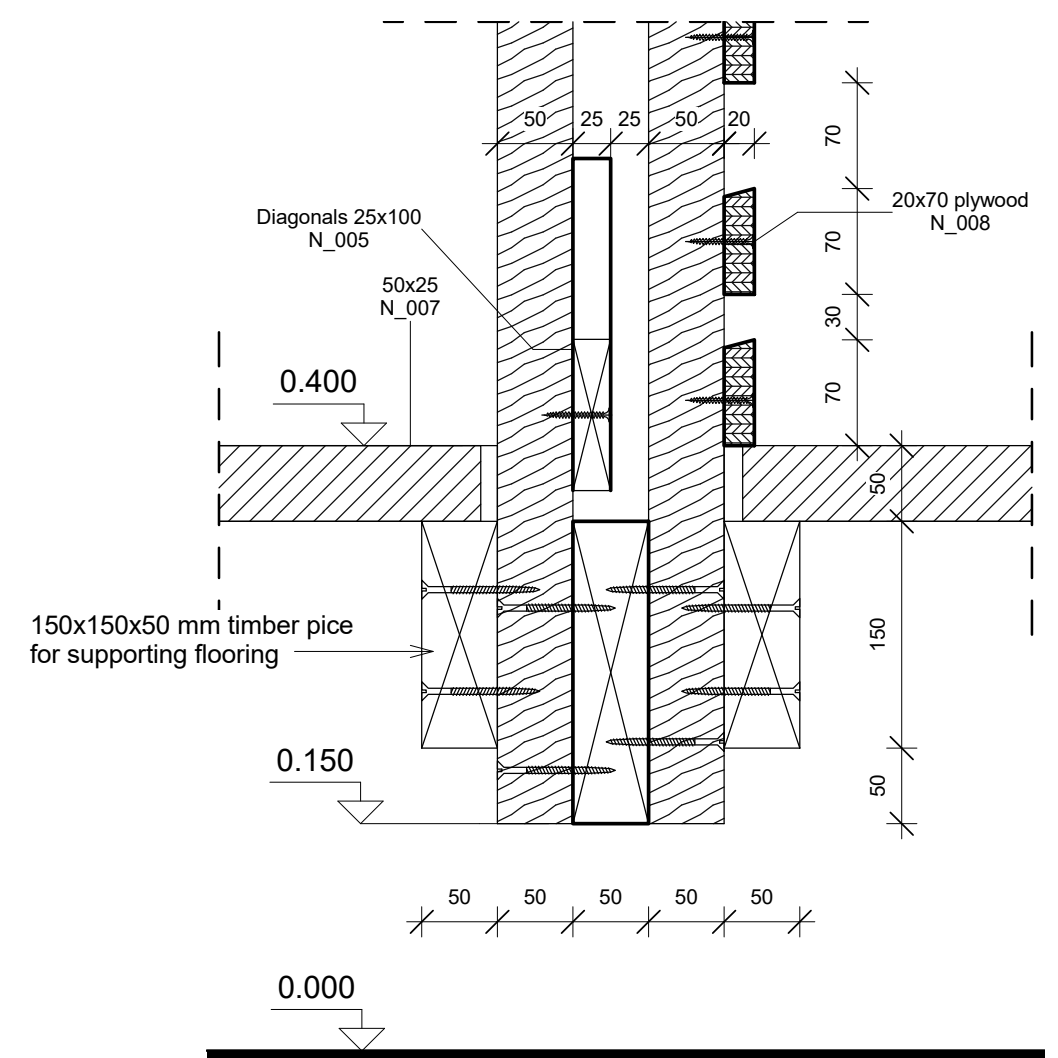
Columns

Stage	Date
Technical	02.08.2016.

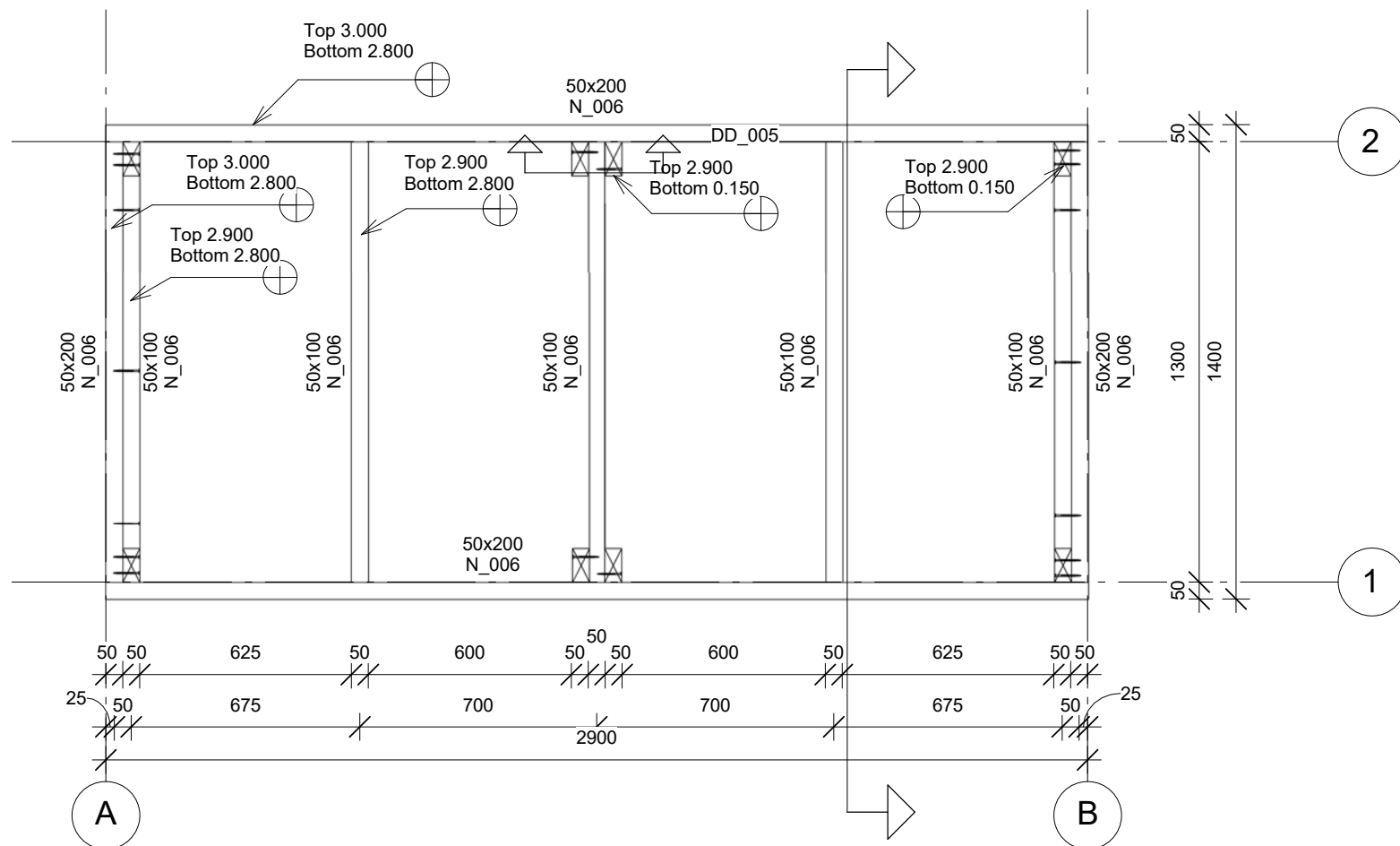
Scale	Page
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03_floor
1 : 20



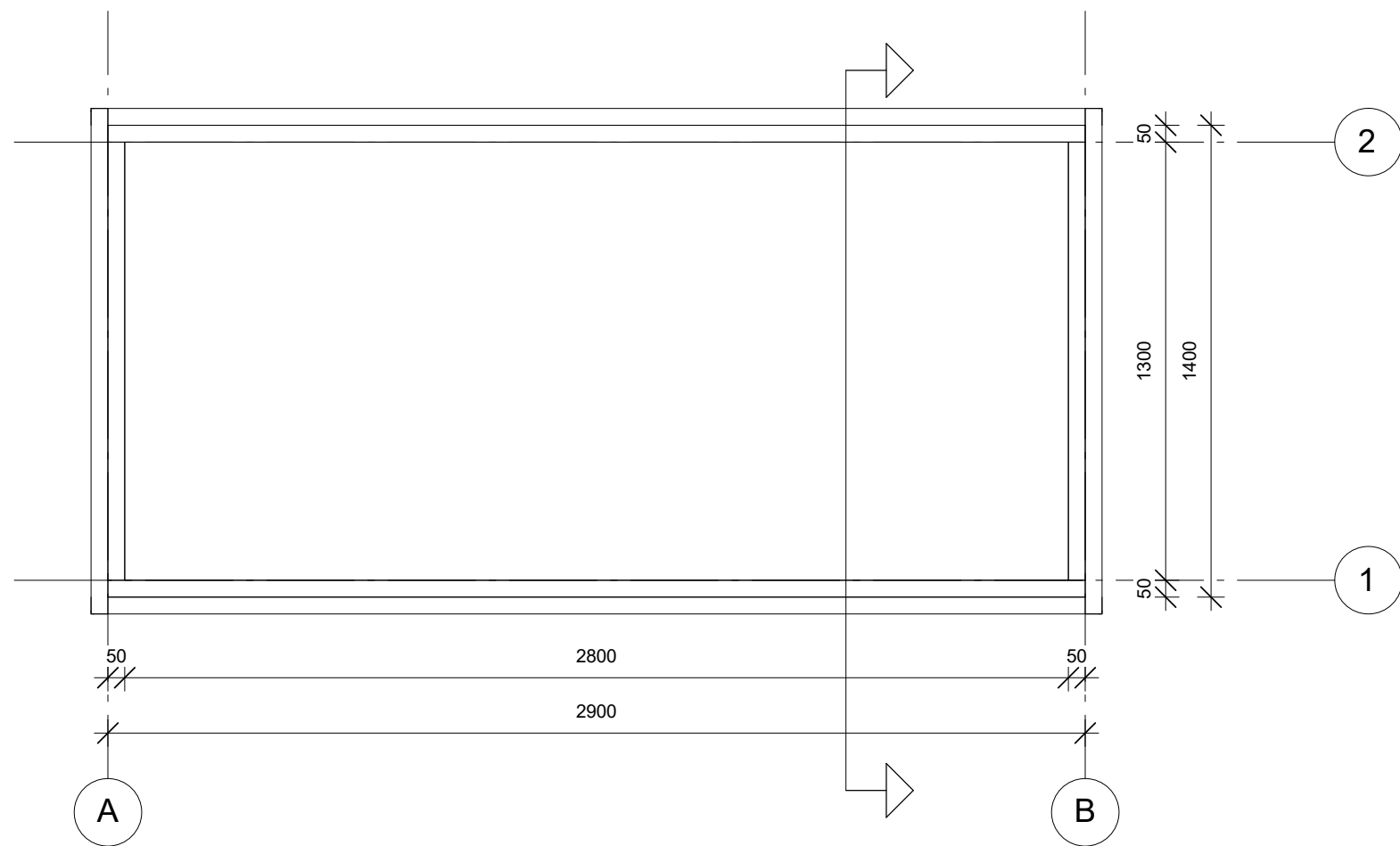
Detail 3
1 : 5



04_upper frame
1 : 20

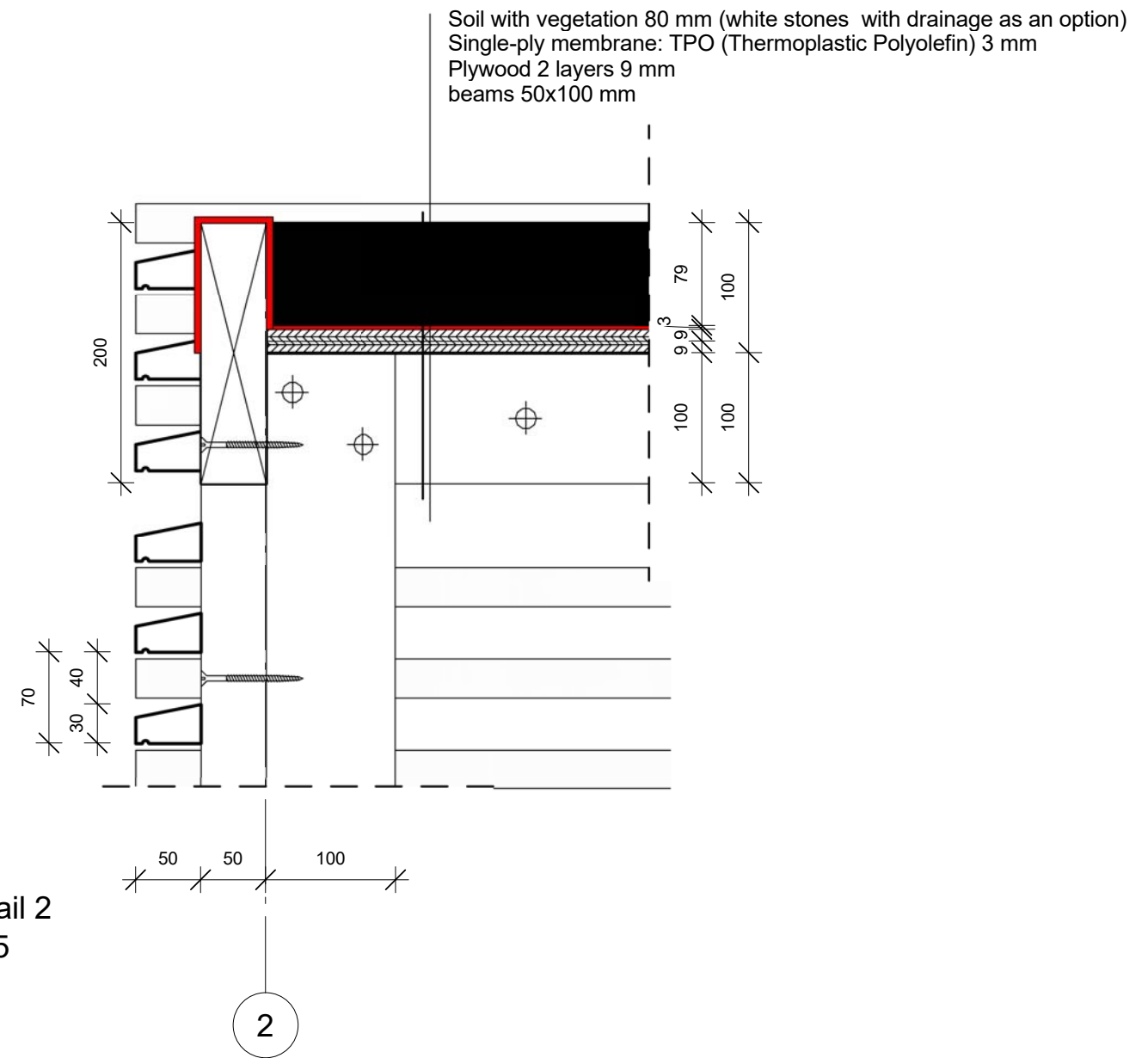
Section 2 beams
DD_004

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SUBJECT: Competition drawings			
PROJECT: Fire shed			
Adrese: Helsinki			
DRAWING NAME: Floor and Upper frame			
Stage	Technical	Date	02.08.2016.
Scale	As indicated	Page	DD_005

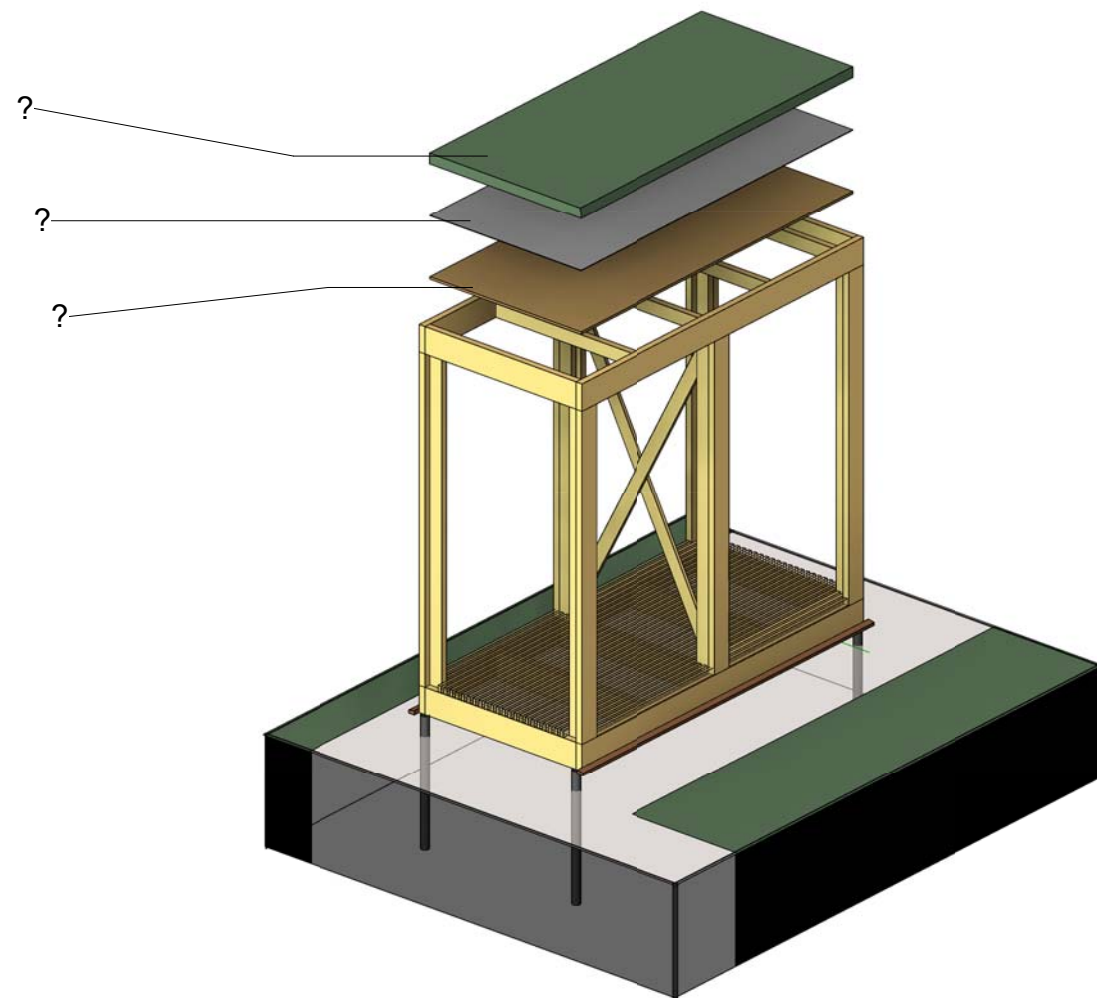


05_roof
1 : 20

Section 2 beams
DD_004



Detail 2
1 : 5



2 layers of 9 mm waterproof plywood with coverage area 2800x1300 mm is used as roof's base structure.

Waterproofing is done with roofing material Single-ply membrane: TPO (Thermoplastic Polyolefin) 3 mm material area 2000x3500 mm

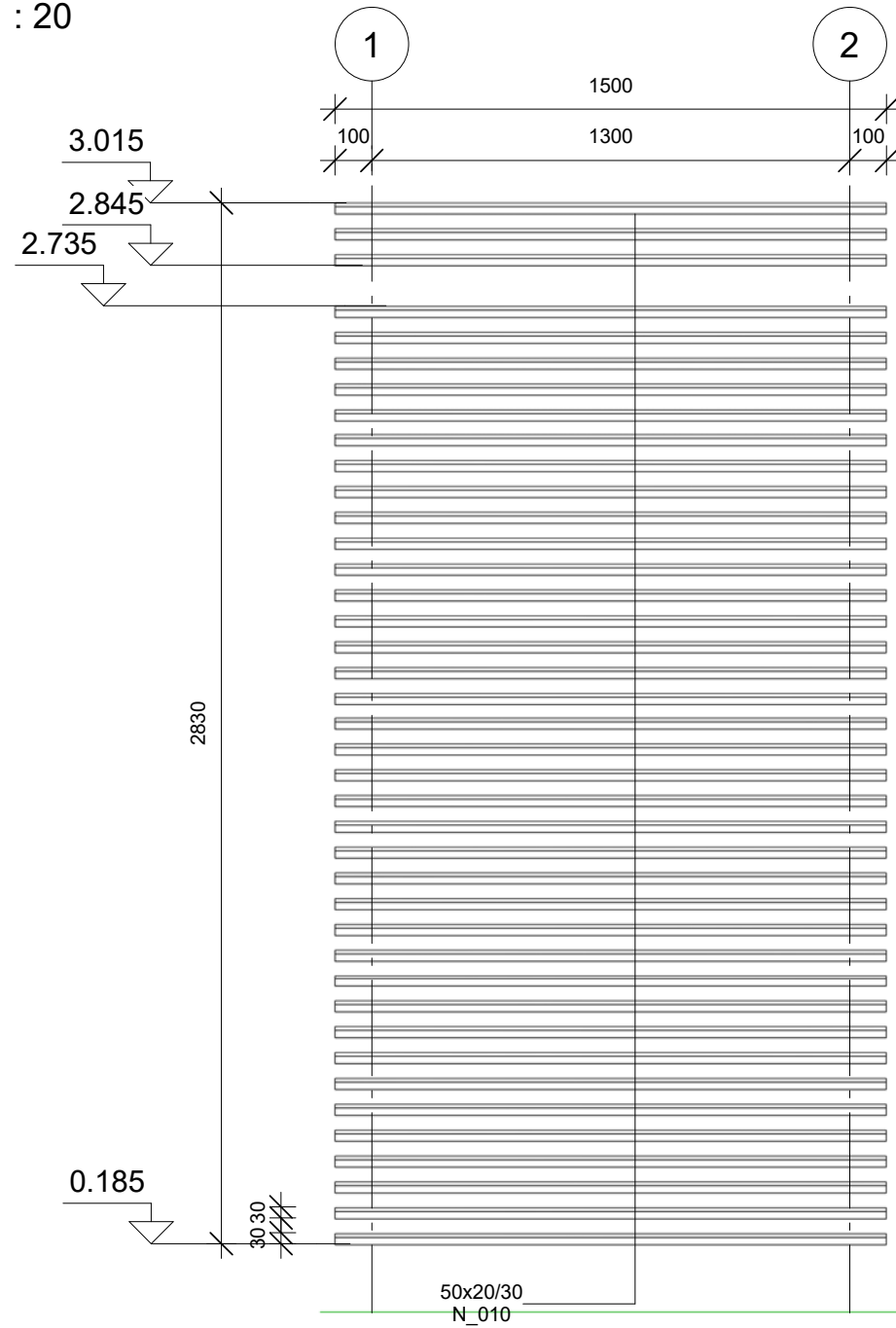
Soil mixed with turf 0.3 m³ is used as growing bed for vegetation.

Vegetation - grass or spices with low root depth.

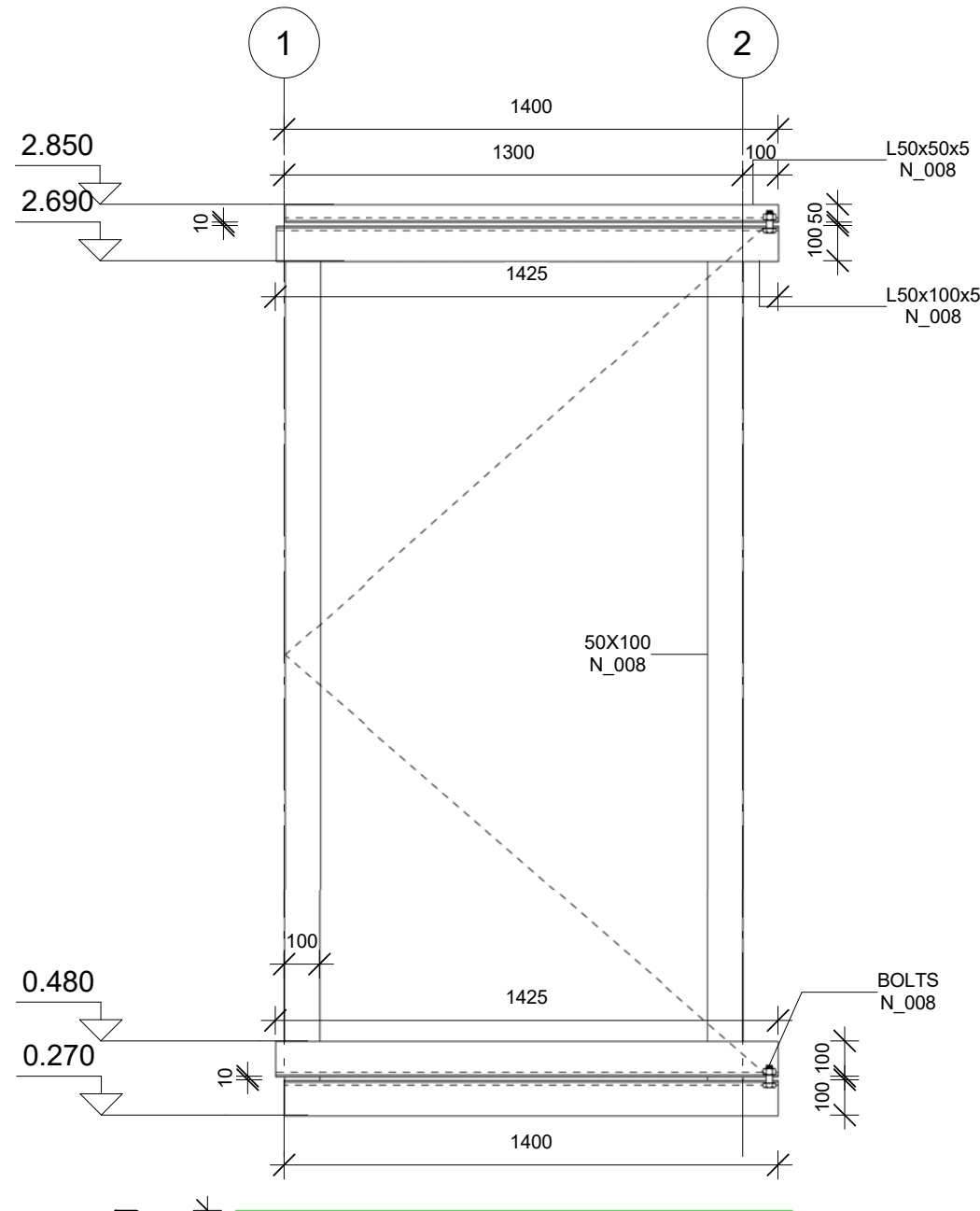
Alternative option is done by replacing vegetation and soil with light color stones. In this option there is need for drainpipe to avoid accumulation of unwanted rainwater on roof.

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SUBJECT: Competition drawings			
PROJECT: Fire shed			
Adrese: Helsinki			
DRAWING NAME: Roof			
Stage	Technical	Date	02.08.2016.
Scale	As indicated	Page	DD_006

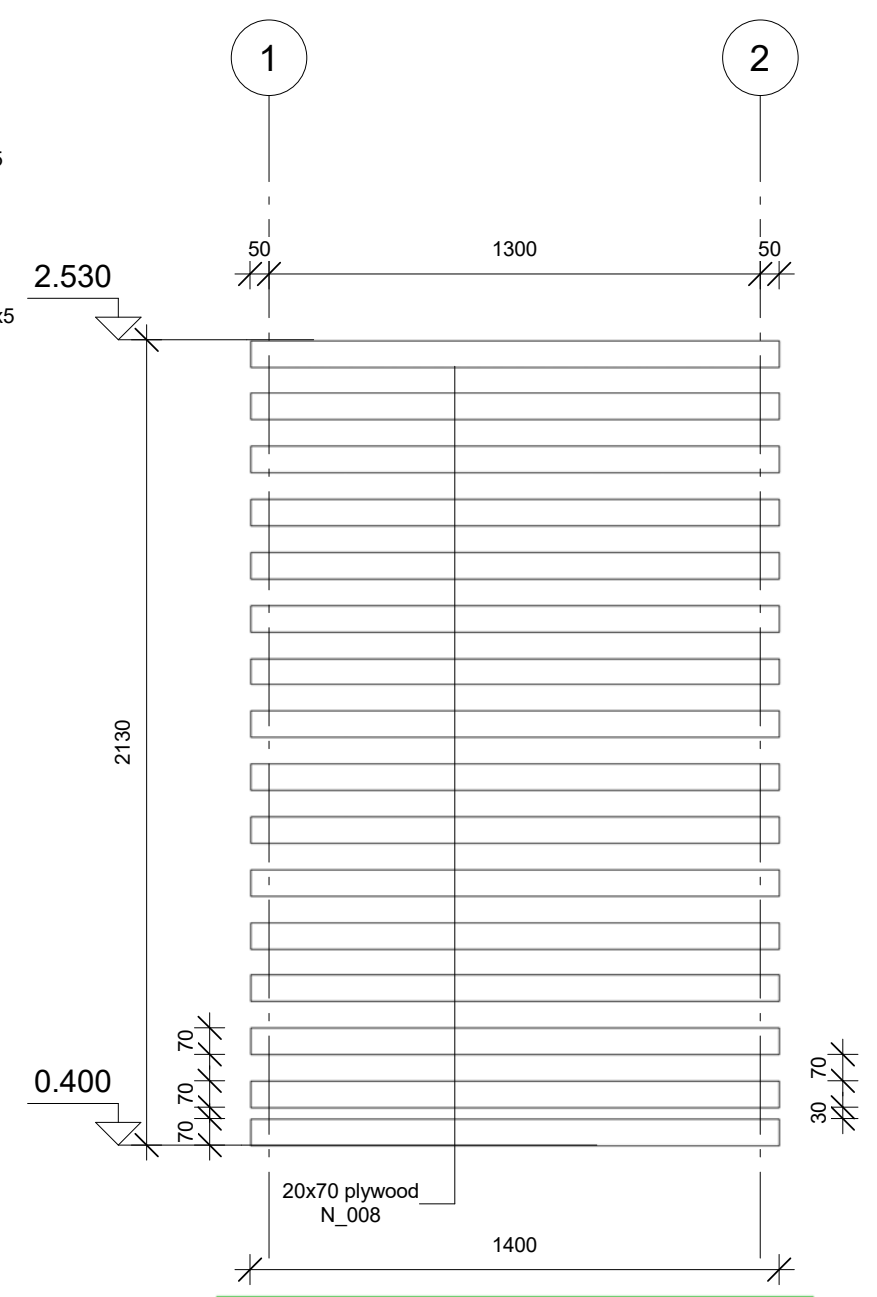
Facade boarding
1 : 20



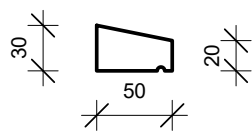
Door Frame
1 : 20



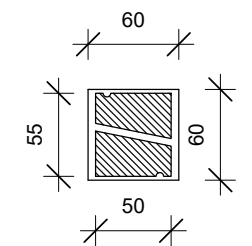
plywood french cleat system
1 : 20



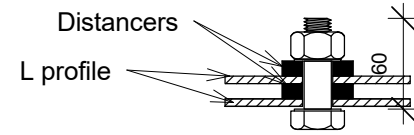
Material Profiles
1 : 5



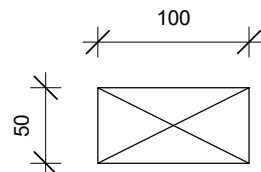
Facade boarding with treatment



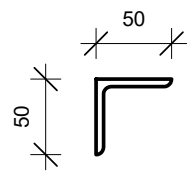
Two facade boards could be made from one 60x60x3000 mm board that is split in angle and has milled 5 mm stage.



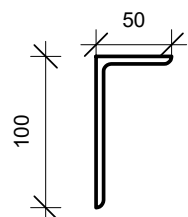
Bolts with distancers between L-shape metal profiles are used to connect frame.



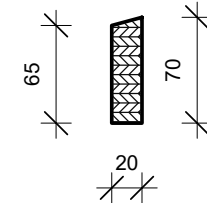
Vertical frame boards



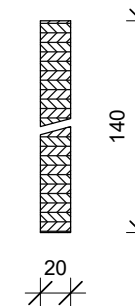
L- shape metal 50x50x5 mm profiles should be weather protected with black metal paint



L- shape metal 50x100x5 mm profiles should be weather protected with black metal paint



French cleat system made from plywood



can be made from 20x140x1400mm plywood with cut in angle

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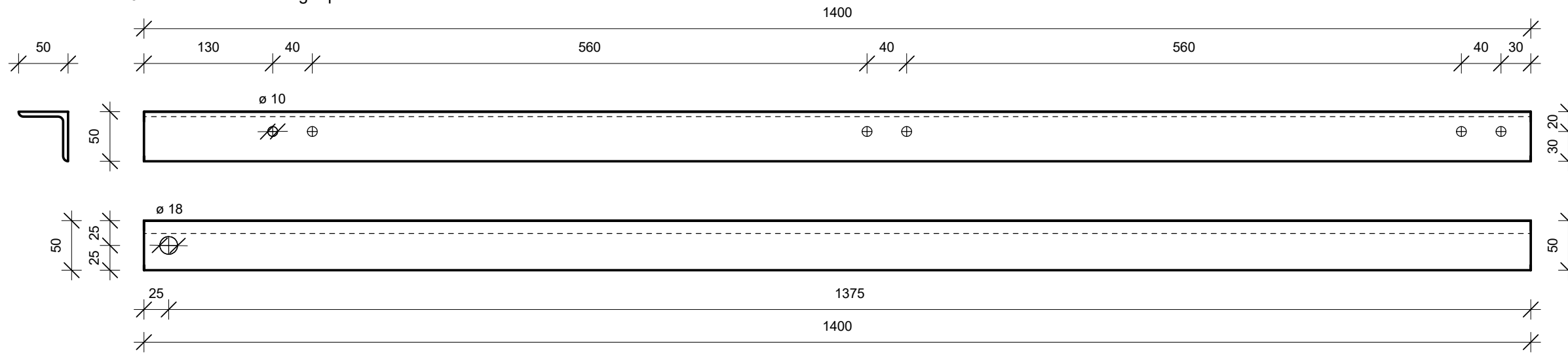
SUBJECT:
Competition drawings

PROJECT:
Fire shed
Adresse: Helsinki

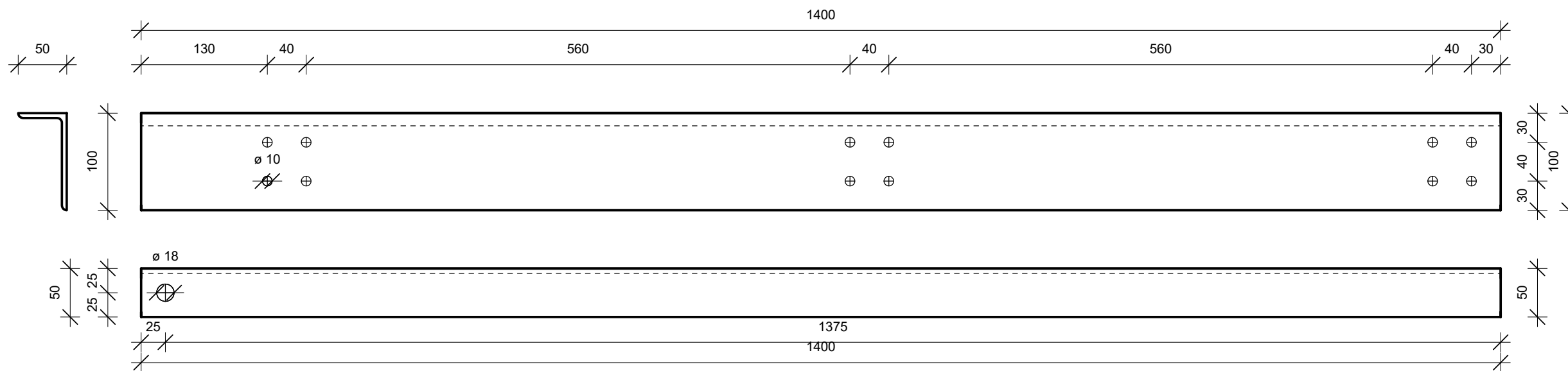
DRAWING NAME:
facade panels and frames

Stage	Date
Technical	02.08.2016.
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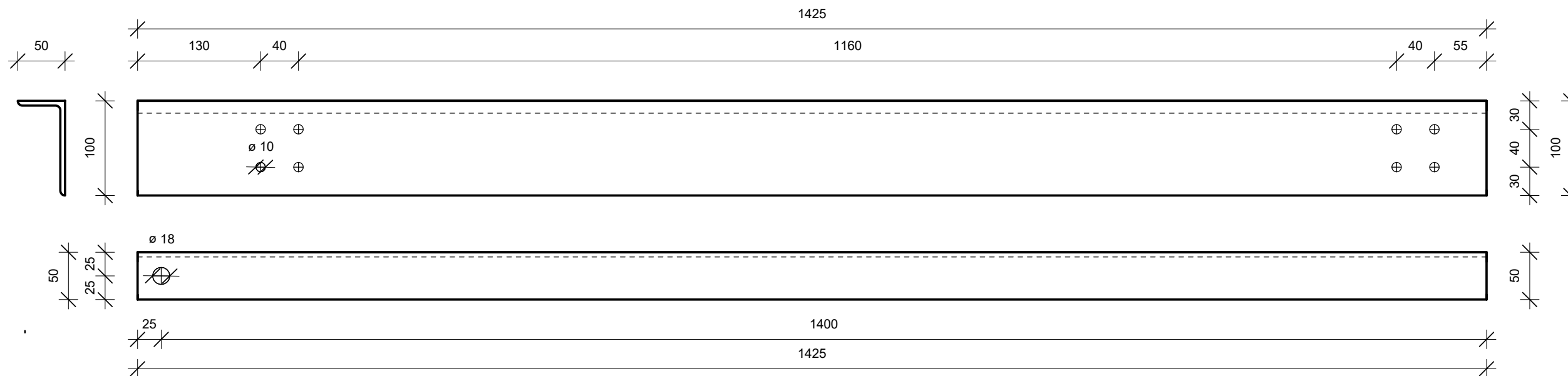
L-profile L50x50x5 amount 2 pc used for holding door frame from top.
 18 mm drill is for mounting bolt that holds doors
 10 mm drills are for fixing L-profile to wooden structure.



L-profile L50x100x5 amount 2 pc used for holding door frame from bottom.
 18 mm drill is for mounting bolt that holds doors
 10 mm drills are for fixing L-profile to wooden structure.



L-profile L50x100x5 amount 4 pc used for door frame.
 18 mm drill is for mounting bolt that holds doors
 10 mm drills are for fixing vertical timber frame boards.



Vertical material Schedule			
Assembly no	Type	Length	Count
N_001	Screw foundation 60x1150	1150	4
N_003	50X100	2750	8
N_004	50X150	2450	6
N_008	50X100	2430	4

Horizontal material Schedule			
Assembly No	Type	Length	Count
N_002	50x200	1300	5
N_002	50x200	2900	2
N_005	Diagonals 25x100	2675	2
N_006	50x100	1100	2
N_006	50x100	1300	3
N_006	50x200	1300	2
N_006	50x200	2900	2
N_007	50x25	1275	8
N_007	50x25	2600	2
N_007	50x25	2900	22
N_008	20x70 plywood	1400	16
N_008	BOLTS		1
N_008	BOLTS		1
N_008	BOLTS		1
N_008	BOLTS		1
N_008	L50x50x5	1400	2
N_008	L50x100x5	1400	2
N_008	L50x100x5	1425	4
N_010	50x20/30	1500	80
N_010	50x20/30	2800	3
N_010	50x20/30	2900	1
N_010	50x20/30	3000	78

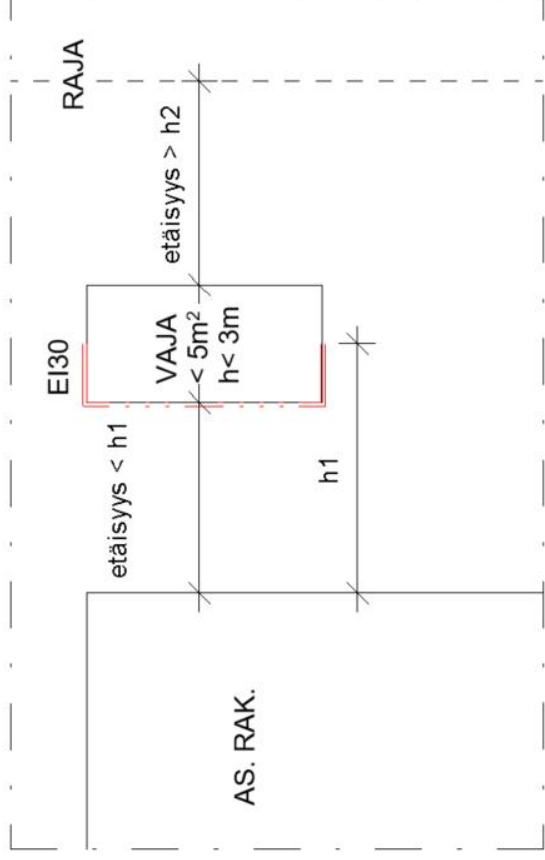
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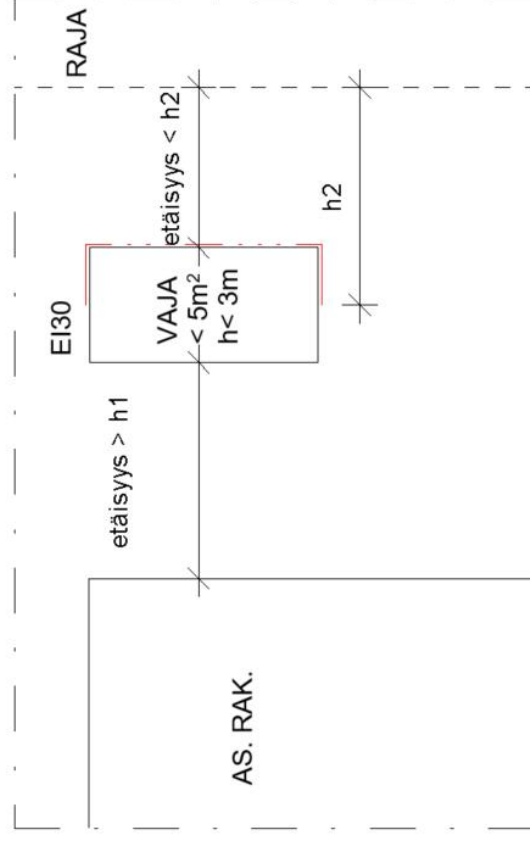
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SUBJECT: Competition drawings	
PROJECT: Fire shed	
Adrese: Helsinki	
DRAWING NAME: Metal shop drawings	
Stage Technical	Date 02.08.2016.
Scale 1 : 5	Page DD_008

PALOSEINÄ

-h1 ja h2 ovat rakennelman korkeus tarkasteltavassa suunnassa.



1. Vajan seinän ja vesikaton palo-osastointi, kun vaja on korkeuttaan lähempänä asuinrakennusta.



2. Vajan seinän ja vesikaton palo-osastointi, kun vaja on korkeuttaan lähempänä rajaa

Mikäli vaja sijoitetaan tontille siten, että se on korkeuttaan lähempänä asuinrakennusta tai rajaa, tulee seinät ja katto tehdä EI30 rakenteena. EI30 seinässä olevan oven tai ikkunan palonkestävyysajan tulee olla vähintään puolet osastoivan seinän palonkestoajasta, eli tässä tapauksessa EI15.

Vesikaton EI30 rakenne saavutetaan käyttämällä 30 mm paksuista vaneria kattopohjana. Seinissä EI30 rakenne saavutetaan levyttämällä ulkoseinä kahdella 12 mm paksulla Luja A-levyllä. Levytyksen tulee ulottua vesikattoon asti ja levykerrosten saumat tulee limittää. Puuvajan ilmankierron varmistamiseksi seinälevytyks voidaan jättää 150 mm irti maasta.

Mikäli vaja sijoitetaan korkeuttaan lähemmäksi rajaa (kuva 2), tulee edelleen varmistua, että naapuritontilla ei ole rakennelmia korkeuttaan lähempänä rajaa ja että naapurin asuinrakennuksesta rajalle on > 4 metriä.

Kun suunnittelet puuvajan rakentamista tontillesi, ota hyvissä ajoin yhteyttä kuntasi rakennusvalvontaan. Sieltä saat opastusta puuvajan paloturvalliseen rakentamiseen.

Helsinki, Espoo, Vantaa, Kauniainen, yhtenäiset käytännöt pienten rakennelmien sijoittamisesta tontille.

<https://www.pksrava.fi/doc/tulkintakortit/MRL-117b10B.pdf>

<https://www.pksrava.fi/doc/tulkintakortit/MRL-117b08D.pdf>